

# The Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List

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## Abstract

This document lists 2590 symbols and the corresponding L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X commands that produce them. Some of these symbols are guaranteed to be available in every L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> system; others require fonts and packages that may not accompany a given distribution and that therefore need to be installed. All of the fonts and packages used to prepare this document—as well as this document itself—are freely available from the Comprehensive T<sub>E</sub>X Archive Network (<http://www.ctan.org>).

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\*The original version of this document was written by David Carlisle, with several additional tables provided by Alexander Holt. See Section 7.5 on page 61 for more information about who did what.

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# 1 Introduction

Welcome to the Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List! This document strives to be your primary source of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X symbol information: font samples, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X commands, packages, usage details, caveats—everything needed to put thousands of different symbols at your disposal. All of the fonts covered herein meet the following criteria:

1. They are freely available from the Comprehensive T<sub>E</sub>X Archive Network (<http://www.ctan.org>).
2. All of their symbols have L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> bindings. That is, a user should be able to access a symbol by name, not just by `\char⟨number⟩`.

These are not particularly limiting criteria; the Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List contains samples of 2590 symbols—quite a large number. Some of these symbols are guaranteed to be available in every L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> system; others require fonts and packages that may not accompany a given distribution and that therefore need to be installed. See <http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=instpackages+wherefiles> for help with installing new fonts and packages.

## 1.1 Document Usage

Each section of this document contains a number of font tables. Each table shows a set of symbols, with the corresponding L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X command to the right of each symbol. A table’s caption indicates what package needs to be loaded in order to access that table’s symbols. For example, the symbols in Table 21, “textcomp Old-Style Numerals”, are made available by putting “`\usepackage{textcomp}`” in your document’s preamble. “**AMS**” means to use the **AMS** packages, viz. `amssymb` and/or `amsmath`. Notes below a table provide additional information about some or all the symbols in that table.

One note that appears a few times in this document, particularly in Section 2, indicates that certain symbols do not exist in the OT1 font encoding (Donald Knuth’s original, 7-bit font encoding, which is the default font encoding for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X) and that you should use `fontenc` to select a different encoding, such as T1 (a common 8-bit font encoding). That means that you should put “`\usepackage[⟨encoding⟩]{fontenc}`” in your document’s preamble, where `⟨encoding⟩` is, e.g., T1 or LY1. To limit the change in font encoding to the current group, use “`\fontencoding{⟨encoding⟩}\selectfont`”.

Section 7 contains some additional information about the symbols in this document. It shows which symbol names are not unique across packages, gives examples of how to create new symbols out of existing symbols, explains how symbols are spaced in math mode, presents a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X ASCII and Latin 1 tables, and provides some information about this document itself. The Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List ends with an index of all the symbols in the document and various additional useful terms.

## 1.2 Frequently Requested Symbols

There are a number of symbols that are requested over and over again on `comp.text.tex`. If you’re looking for such a symbol the following list will help you find it quickly.

␣, as in “Spaces_are_significant.”	7	∴	36
í, ì, î, î̄, etc. (versus í, ì, î̄, and î̂)	11	°, as in “180°” or “15°C”	37
¢	13	$\mathcal{L}$ , $\mathcal{F}$ , etc.	38
€	13	$\mathbb{N}$ , $\mathbb{Z}$ , $\mathbb{R}$ , etc.	38
©, ®, and ™	14	á, è, etc. (i.e., several accents per character)	57
‰	14	<i>f</i>	55
ff	21	< and > (instead of <i>j</i> and <i>l</i> )	58
∴	22	~ (or ~)	59
:= and ::=	23		

## 2 Body-text symbols

This section lists symbols that are intended for use in running text, such as punctuation marks, accents, ligatures, and currency symbols.

TABLE 1: L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> Escapable “Special” Characters

\$	\\$	%	\%	-	\_	}	\}	&	\&	#	\#	{	\{
----	-----	---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----	---	----

TABLE 2: L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> Commands Defined to Work in Both Math and Text Mode

\$	\\$		-	\_	‡	\ddag	{	\{
¶	\P	©	©	\copyright	...	\dots	}	\}
§	\S		†	\dag	£	\pounds		

Where two symbols are present, the left one is the “faked” symbol that L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> provides by default, and the right one is the “true” symbol that textcomp makes available.

TABLE 3: Predefined L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> Text-Mode Commands

^	\textasciicircum	<	\textless	
~	\textasciitilde	a	♀	\textordfeminine
*	\textasteriskcentered	o	♂	\textordmasculine
\	\textbackslash	¶	\textparagraph	
	\textbar	.	\textperiodcentered	
{	\textbraceleft	¿	\textquestiondown	
}	\textbraceright	“	\textquotedblleft	
•	\textbullet	”	\textquotedblright	
©	©	‘	\textquoteleft	
†	\textdagger	’	\textquoteright	
‡	\textdaggerdbl	®	®	\textregistered
\$	\textdollar	§	\textsection	
...	\textellipsis	£	\textsterling	
—	\textemdash	™	™	\texttrademark
-	\textendash	_	\textunderscore	
¡	\textexclamdown	␣	\textvisiblespace	
>	\textgreater			

Where two symbols are present, the left one is the “faked” symbol that L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> provides by default, and the right one is the “true” symbol that textcomp makes available.

TABLE 4: Non-ASCII Letters (Excluding Accented Letters)

Ǻ	\aa	Ð	\DH*	Ł	\L	ø	\o	ß	\ss
Å	\AA	ð	\dh*	ł	\l	Ø	\O	Š	\SS
Æ	\AE	Đ	\DJ*	Ǫ	\NG*	Œ	\OE	Þ	\TH*
æ	\ae	đ	\dj*	ǫ	\ng*	œ	\oe	þ	\th*

\* Not available in the OT1 font encoding. Use the fontenc package to select an alternate font encoding, such as T1.

TABLE 5: Letters Used to Typeset African Languages

Ð	\B{D}	č	\m{c}	f	\m{f}	ķ	\m{k}	†	\M{t}	Ʒ	\m{Z}
đ	\B{d}	Ɖ	\m{D}	Ƒ	\m{F}	Ɗ	\m{N}	Ƨ	\M{T}	Ǝ	\T{E}
Ĥ	\B{H}	ɔ̣	\M{d}	Ɔ	\m{G}	ɲ	\m{n}	Ƨ	\m{t}	ɛ̣	\T{e}
ĥ	\B{h}	Ɖ	\M{D}	ɣ	\m{g}	ɔ̣	\m{o}	Ƨ	\m{T}	Ǝ̄	\T{O}
Ƨ	\B{t}	ɔ̣	\m{d}	ɩ	\m{i}	Ɔ	\m{O}	Ƨ	\m{u}*	ɔ̣	\T{o}
Ƨ	\B{T}	Ǝ	\m{E}	ɩ	\m{i}	Ƒ	\m{P}	Ƨ	\m{U}*		
Ɔ	\m{b}	ɛ̣	\m{e}	Ƒ	\m{J}	Ƒ	\m{p}	Ƨ	\m{Y}		
Ƒ	\m{B}	Ǝ	\M{E}	ɲ	\m{j}	Ƒ	\m{s}	Ƨ	\m{y}		
Ƒ	\m{C}	ə	\M{e}	Ƒ	\m{K}	Ƒ	\m{S}	Ʒ	\m{z}		

These characters all need the T4 font encoding, which is provided by the fc package.

\* \m{v} and \m{V} are synonyms for \m{u} and \m{U}.

TABLE 6: Punctuation Marks Not Found in OT1

«	\guillemotleft	‹	\guilsinglleft	„	\quotedblbase	”	\textquotedbl
»	\guillemotright	›	\guilsinglright	,	\quotesinglbase		

To get these symbols, use the fontenc package to select an alternate font encoding, such as T1.

TABLE 7: pifont Decorative Punctuation Marks

•	\ding{123}	“	\ding{125}	¶	\ding{161}	•	\ding{163}
•	\ding{124}	”	\ding{126}	¶	\ding{162}		

TABLE 8: wasysym Phonetic Symbols

Ð	\DH	ð	\dh	ɔ̣	\openo
Þ	\Thorn	ə	\inve	þ	\thorn



TABLE 9: tipa Phonetic Symbols

ɣ	\textbabygamma	ʔ	\textglotstop	ŋ	\textrtailn
ḅ	\textbarb	˙	\texthalflength	ɿ	\textrtailr
ε	\textbarc	ɸ	\texthardsign	ʂ	\textrtails
ḍ	\textbard	˘	\texthooktop	ɺ	\textrtailt
ḷ	\textbardotlessj	Ḅ	\texthtb	ɻ	\textrtailz
ḡ	\textbarg	f	\texthtbardotlessj	˘	\textrthook
ʔ	\textbarglotstop	ç	\texthtc	A	\textscA
i	\textbari	d	\texthtd	B	\textscB
l̥	\textbarl	g	\texthtg	E	\textscE
ø	\textbaro	h	\texthth	G	\textscG
ɸ	\textbarrevglotstop	ɦ	\texththeng	H	\textsch
u	\textbaru	k	\texthtk	ə	\textschwa
ɩ	\textbeltl	β	\texthtp	I	\textsci
β	\textbeta	q	\texthtq	J	\textscj
⊙	\textbullseye	ɸ	\texthttrtaild	L	\textscL
˘	\textceltpal	ç	\texthtscg	N	\textscN
χ	\textchi	t	\texthtt	œ	\textscœ
ɛ̥	\textcloseepsilon	lv	\texthvlig	Ω	\textscΩ
ω̥	\textcloseomega	ɔ̥	\textinvglotstop	R	\textscr
ɛ̇	\textcloserevepsilon	ɸ	\textinvscr	ɑ	\textscripta
z	\textcommatailz	ι	\textiota	g	\textscriptg
˘	\textcorner	λ	\textlambd	v	\textscriptv
b	\textcrb	:	\textlengthmark	U	\textscU
ḍ	\textcrd	ɸ	\textlhookt	Y	\textscy
g	\textcrg	l	\textlhtlongi	˘	\textsecstress
h	\textcrh	ɸ	\textlhtlongy	ɸ	\textsoftsign
ɔ̥	\textcrinvglotstop	ɿ	\textlonglegr	ɿ	\textstretchc
λ	\textcrlambd	˘	\textlptr	ɸ	\texttctclig
2	\textcrtwo	ŋ	\textltailm	ɸ	\texttreshlig
ç	\textctc	ɸ	\textltailn	θ	\textttheta
d	\textctd	l̥	\textltilde	þ	\texttthorn
dʒ	\textctdctzlig	ɸ	\textlyoghlig		\texttoneletterstem
ɸ	\textctesh	J	\textObardotlessj	ts	\textttslig
j	\textctj	ɸ	\textOlyoghlig	e	\textturna
ɸ	\textctn	ω	\textomega	æ	\textturncelig
ɸ	\textctt	˘	\textopencorner	ɸ	\textturnh
ɸ	\textcttctclig	ɔ̥	\textopeno	ɸ	\textturnk
ɸ	\textctyogh	˘	\textpalhook	ɿ	\textturnlonglegr
z	\textctz	Φ	\textphi	u	\textturnm
dʒ	\textdctzlig		\textpipe	u	\textturnmrlig
f	\textdoublebaresh	˘	\textprimstress	ɿ	\textturnr
ɸ	\textdoublebarpipe	ʔ	\textraiseglotstop	ɿ	\textturnrrtail
≠	\textdoublebarslash	ɿ	\textraisevibyi	ɸ	\textturnscripta
	\textdoublepipe	ɸ	\texttramshorns	ɿ	\textturnt
	\textdoublevertline	˘	\textrevapostrophe	Λ	\textturnv
↓	\textdownstep	ə	\textreve	μ	\textturnw
ɸ	\textdyoghlig	ɛ̇	\textrevepsilon	λ	\textturny
dʒ	\textdzlig	ʔ	\textrevglotstop	υ	\textupsilon
ε	\textepsilon	ɛ̇	\textrevyogh	↑	\textupstep

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f	\textesh	ʒ	\textrhookreveysilon		\textvertline
r	\textfishhookr	ø	\textrhookschwa	ı	\textviby
g	\textg	˘	\textrhoticity	ı	\textvibyy
γ	\textgamma	>	\textrptr	p	\textwynn
↘	\textglobfall	d	\textrtaild	ʒ	\textyogh
↗	\textglobrise	l	\textrtaill		

tipa defines shortcut characters for many of the above. It also defines a command \tone for denoting tone letters (itches). See the tipa documentation for more information.

TABLE 10: wsuipa Phonetic Symbols

ʌ	\babygamma	ŋ	\eng	ŋ	\labdentalnas	ə	\schwa
ʙ	\barb	ø	\er	ʈ	\latfric	ɪ	\sci
ɸ	\bard	ʃ	\esh	ɥ	\legm	N	\scn
ı	\bari	ð	\eth	ɾ	\legr	R	\scr
ʌ	\barl	r	\flapr	ʒ	\lz	ɑ	\scripta
ə	\baro	ʔ	\glotstop	α	\nialpha	g	\scriptg
p	\barp	ʙ	\hookb	β	\nibeta	v	\scriptv
ɪ	\barsci	ɸ	\hookd	χ	\nich	U	\scu
ɥ	\barscu	ɸ	\hookg	ε	\niepsilon	Y	\scy
u	\baru	h	\hookh	γ	\nigamma	ʃ	\slashb
⊙	\clickb	h	\hookheng	ι	\niiota	ç	\slashc
⊙	\clickc	ʒ	\hookreveysilon	λ	\nilambda	ɸ	\slashd
ɪ	\clickt	hʋ	\hv	ω	\niomega	ɥ	\slashu
ω	\closedniomega	e	\inva	φ	\nipher	d	\taild
ɔ	\closedreveysilon	j	\invf	σ	\nisigma	ɹ	\tailinvr
ʙ	\crossb	ʂ	\invglotstop	θ	\nitheta	l	\taill
ɸ	\crossd	ɥ	\invh	ʋ	\niupsilon	ŋ	\tailn
h	\crossh	l	\invlegr	ɲ	\nj	ɹ	\tailr
λ	\crossnilambda	u	\invm	∞	\oo	ʒ	\tails
ç	\curlyc	ɹ	\invr	ɔ	\openo	ɸ	\tailt
ʃ	\curlyesh	ɸ	\invscr	ə	\reve	z	\tailz
ʒ	\curlyyogh	v	\invscripta	ɸ	\reveject	ʃ	\tesh
z	\curlyz	ʌ	\invv	ʒ	\reveysilon	ʔ	\thorn
ɪ	\dlbari	ʌ	\invw	ɸ	\revglotstop	ɸ	\tildel
ɸ	\dz	ʌ	\invy	D	\scd	ʒ	\yogh
ɸ	\ejective	ɥ	\ipagamma	G	\scg		

TABLE 11: Text-Mode Accents

Ää	\{"A}\{a}	Àà	\' {A}\' {a}	Ǻǻ	\H{A}\H{a}	Ǻǻ	\u{A}\u{a}
Áá	\' {A}\' {a}	Āā	\b{A}\b{a}	Ąą	\k{A}\k{a}†	Ǻǻ	\v{A}\v{a}
Ăă	\. {A}\. {a}	Ȧȧ	\c{A}\c{a}	Ȧȧ	\r{A}\r{a}	Ăă	\~{A}\~{a}
Ȧȧ	\={A}\={a}	Ȧȧ	\d{A}\d{a}	Ȧȧ	\t{A}\t{a}		
Ȧȧ	\^{A}\^{a}	Ȧȧ	\G{A}\G{a}‡	Ȧȧ	\U{A}\U{a}‡		
Ââ	\newtie{A}\newtie{a}*      ①②						

\* Requires the `textcomp` package.

† Not available in the OT1 font encoding. Use the `fontenc` package to select an alternate font encoding, such as T1.

‡ Requires the T4 font encoding, provided by the `fc` package.

Also note the existence of `\i` and `\j`, which produce dotless versions of “i” and “j” (viz., “i” and “j”). These are useful when the accent is supposed to replace the dot. For example, “`na\{i}ve`” produces a correct “naïve”, while “`na\{i}ve`” would yield the rather odd-looking “naïve”. (“`na\{i}ve`” *does* work in encodings other than OT1, however.)

TABLE 12: tipa Text-Mode Accents

Áá	\textacutemacron{A}\textacutemacron{a}
Áá	\textacutewedge{A}\textacutewedge{a}
Ąą	\textadvancing{A}\textadvancing{a}
Ȧȧ	\textbottomtiebar{A}\textbottomtiebar{a}
Ǻǻ	\textbrevemacron{A}\textbrevemacron{a}
Ȧȧ	\textcircumacute{A}\textcircumacute{a}
Ȧȧ	\textcircumdot{A}\textcircumdot{a}
Ȧȧ	\textdotacute{A}\textdotacute{a}
Ȧȧ	\textdotbreve{A}\textdotbreve{a}
Ȧȧ	\textdotbreve{A}\textdotbreve{a}
Ȧȧ	\textdoublegrave{A}\textdoublegrave{a}
Ȧȧ	\textdoublevbaraccent{A}\textdoublevbaraccent{a}
Ȧȧ	\textgravecircum{A}\textgravecircum{a}
Ȧȧ	\textgravedot{A}\textgravedot{a}
Ȧȧ	\textgravemacron{A}\textgravemacron{a}
Ȧȧ	\textgravemid{A}\textgravemid{a}
Ȧȧ	\textinvsubbridge{A}\textinvsubbridge{a}

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$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textlowering{A}\textlowering{a}</code>
$\acute{A}\acute{a}$	<code>\textmidacute{A}\textmidacute{a}</code>
$\overset{\times}{A}\overset{\times}{a}$	<code>\textovercross{A}\textovercross{a}</code>
$\overset{w}{A}\overset{w}{a}$	<code>\textoverw{A}\textoverw{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textpolhook{A}\textpolhook{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textraising{A}\textraising{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textretracting{A}\textretracting{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textringmacron{A}\textringmacron{a}</code>
$\hat{A}\hat{a}$	<code>\textroundcap{A}\textroundcap{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textseagull{A}\textseagull{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubacute{A}\textsubacute{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubarch{A}\textsubarch{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubbar{A}\textsubbar{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubbridge{A}\textsubbridge{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubcircum{A}\textsubcircum{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubdot{A}\textsubdot{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubgrave{A}\textsubgrave{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsublhalfring{A}\textsublhalfring{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubplus{A}\textsubplus{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubrhalfring{A}\textsubrhalfring{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubring{A}\textsubring{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubsquare{A}\textsubsquare{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubtilde{A}\textsubtilde{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubumlaut{A}\textsubumlaut{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubw{A}\textsubw{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsubwedge{A}\textsubwedge{a}</code>
$\overset{\sim}{A}\overset{\sim}{a}$	<code>\textsuperimposetilde{A}\textsuperimposetilde{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textsyllabic{A}\textsyllabic{a}</code>
$\tilde{\cdot}A\tilde{\cdot}a$	<code>\texttildedot{A}\texttildedot{a}</code>
$\widehat{A}\widehat{a}$	<code>\texttoptiebar{A}\texttoptiebar{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\textvbaraccent{A}\textvbaraccent{a}</code>

`tipa` defines shortcut sequences for many of the above. See the `tipa` documentation for more information.

TABLE 13: `wsuipa` Text-Mode Accents

$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\dental{A}\dental{a}</code>
$\underset{\cdot}{A}\underset{\cdot}{a}$	<code>\underarch{A}\underarch{a}</code>

TABLE 14: wsuipa Diacritics

ˆ	\ain	<	\leftp	˚	\overring	˘	\stress	˘	\underwedge
⌈	\corner	⌈	\leftt	ˆ	\polishhook	˘	\syllabic	ˆ	\upp
˘	\downp	:	\length	>	\rightp	˘	\underdots	⌋	\upt
⌊	\downt	˘	\midtilde	⌈	\rightt	˚	\underring		
˘	\halflength	˘	\open	˘	\secstress	˘	\undertilde		

The `wsuipa` package defines all of the above as ordinary characters, not as accents. However, it does provide `\diatop` and `\diaunder` commands, which are used to compose diacritics with other characters. For example, `\diatop[\overring|a]` produces “å”, and `\diaunder[\underdots|a]` produces “ä”. See the `wsuipa` documentation for more information.

TABLE 15: textcomp Diacritics

˘	\textacutedbl	˘	\textasciicaron	˘	\textasciimacron
˘	\textasciiacute	˘	\textasciidieresis	˘	\textgravedbl
˘	\textasciibreve	˘	\textasciigrave	˘	\texttildelow

The `textcomp` package defines all of the above as ordinary characters, not as accents.

TABLE 16: textcomp Currency Symbols

฿	\textbaht	\$	\textdollar	₵	\textguarani	₩	\textwon
¢	\textcent	\$	\textdollaroldstyle	£	\textlira	¥	\textyen
¢	\textcentoldstyle	₫	\textdong	₦	\textnaira		
₯	\textcolonmonetary	€	\texteuro	₱	\textpeso		
₣	\textcurrency	f	\textflorin	£	\textsterling		

TABLE 17: marvosym Currency Symbols

₴	\Denarius	€	\EUR	€	\EURdig	€	\EURtm	₣	\Pfund
@	\Ecommerce	€	\EURcr	€	\EURhv	\$	\EyesDollar	β	\Shilling

The different euro signs are meant to be compatible with different fonts—Courier (`\EURcr`), Helvetica (`\EURhv`), Times (`\EURtm`), and the `marvosym` digits listed in Table 117 (`\EURdig`).

TABLE 18: wasysym Currency Symbols

¢	\cent	₣	\currency
---	-------	---	-----------

TABLE 19: eurosym Euro Signs

€ \geneuro € \geneuronarrow € \geneurowide € \officialeguro

\neuro is automatically mapped to one of the above—by default, \officialeguro—based on a eurosym package option. See the eurosym documentation for more information. The \geneuro... characters are generated from the current body font’s “C” character and therefore may not appear exactly as shown.

TABLE 20: textcomp Legal Symbols

Ⓟ \textcircledP Ⓒ Ⓒ \textcopyright ™ ™ \textservicemark  
 © \textcopyleft ® ® \textregistered ™ ™ \texttrademark

Where two symbols are present, the left one is the “faked” symbol that L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> provides by default, and the right one is the “true” symbol that textcomp makes available.

TABLE 21: textcomp Old-Style Numerals

0 \textzerooldstyle 4 \textfouroldstyle 8 \texteightoldstyle  
 1 \textoneoldstyle 5 \textfiveoldstyle 9 \textnineoldstyle  
 2 \texttwooldstyle 6 \textsixoldstyle  
 3 \textthreeoldstyle 7 \textsevenoldstyle

Rather than use the bulky \textoneoldstyle, \texttwooldstyle, etc. commands shown above, consider using \oldstylenums{...} to typeset an old-style number.

TABLE 22: Miscellaneous textcomp Symbols

*	\textasteriskcentered	o	\textopenbullet
	\textbardbl	ª	\textordfeminine
○	\textbigcircle	º	\textordmasculine
␣	\textblank	¶	\textparagraph
	\textbrokenbar	.	\textperiodcentered
•	\textbullet	‰	\textpertenthousand
†	\textdagger	‱	\textperthousand
‡	\textdaggerdbl	¶	\textpilcrow
=	\textdblhyphen	'	\textquotesingle
=	\textdblhyphenchar		\textquotestraightbase
%	\textdiscount		\textquotestraightdblbase
e	\textestimated	℞	\textrecipe
‡	\textinterrobang	※	\textreferencemark
‡	\textinterrobangdown	§	\textsection
♪	\textmusicalnote	—	\textthreequartersemdash
№	\textnumero	—	\texttwelveudash

Where two symbols are present, the left one is the “faked” symbol that L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> provides by default, and the right one is the “true” symbol that textcomp makes available.

TABLE 23: Miscellaneous wasysym Text-Mode Symbols

$\%$  `\permil`

TABLE 24:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Commands Defined to Work in Both Math and Text Mode

$\checkmark$  `\checkmark`     $\textcircled{R}$  `\circledR`     $\text{✠}$  `\maltese`

### 3 Mathematical symbols

Most, but not all, of the symbols in this section are math-mode only. That is, they yield a “Missing \$ inserted” error message if not used within  $$. . . $$ ,  $\[. . . \]$ , or another math-mode environment. Operators marked as “variable-sized” are taller in displayed formulas, shorter in in-text formulas, and possibly shorter still when used in various levels of superscripts or subscripts.

Alphanumeric symbols (e.g., “ $\mathcal{L}$ ” and “ $\mathbb{Z}$ ”) are usually produced using one of the math alphabets in Table 118 rather than with an explicit symbol command. Look there first if you need a symbol for a transform, number set, or some other alphanumeric.

Although there have been many requests on `comp.text.tex` for a contradiction symbol, the ensuing discussion invariably reveals innumerable ways to represent contradiction in a proof, including “ $\blacksquare$ ” (`\blitza`), “ $\Rightarrow\Leftarrow$ ” (`\Rightarrow\Leftarrow`), “ $\perp$ ” (`\bot`), “ $\Leftrightarrow$ ” (`\leftrightharrow`), and “ $\ast$ ” (`\textreferencemark`). Because of the lack of notational consensus, it is probably better to spell out “Contradiction!” than to use a symbol for this purpose. Similarly, discussions on `comp.text.tex` have revealed that there are a variety of ways to indicate the mathematical notion of “is defined as”. Common candidates include “ $\triangleq$ ” (`\triangleq`), “ $\equiv$ ” (`\equiv`), “ $\coloneqq$ ” (`\coloneqq`), and “ $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$ ” (`\stackrel{\text{def}}{=}`).

TABLE 25: Binary Operators

$\amalg$	<code>\amalg</code>	$\cup$	<code>\cup</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\oplus</code>	$\times$	<code>\times</code>
$\ast$	<code>\ast</code>	$\dagger$	<code>\dagger</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\oslash</code>	$\triangleleft$	<code>\triangleleft</code>
$\bigcirc$	<code>\bigcirc</code>	$\ddagger$	<code>\ddagger</code>	$\otimes$	<code>\otimes</code>	$\triangleright$	<code>\triangleright</code>
$\bigtriangledown$	<code>\bigtriangledown</code>	$\diamond$	<code>\diamond</code>	$\pm$	<code>\pm</code>	$\triangleleft^*$	<code>\unlhd*</code>
$\bigtriangleup$	<code>\bigtriangleup</code>	$\div$	<code>\div</code>	$\triangleright^*$	<code>\rhd*</code>	$\triangleleft^*$	<code>\unrhd*</code>
$\bullet$	<code>\bullet</code>	$\triangleleft^*$	<code>\lhd*</code>	$\setminus$	<code>\setminus</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\uplus</code>
$\cap$	<code>\cap</code>	$\mp$	<code>\mp</code>	$\sqcap$	<code>\sqcap</code>	$\vee$	<code>\vee</code>
$\cdot$	<code>\cdot</code>	$\odot$	<code>\odot</code>	$\sqcup$	<code>\sqcup</code>	$\wedge$	<code>\wedge</code>
$\circ$	<code>\circ</code>	$\ominus$	<code>\ominus</code>	$\star$	<code>\star</code>	$\wr$	<code>\wr</code>

\* Not predefined in  $\text{\LaTeX} 2_{\epsilon}$ . Use one of the packages `latexsym`, `amssymb`, `txfonts`, `pxfonts`, or `wasy`.

TABLE 26:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Binary Operators

$\bar{\wedge}$	<code>\barwedge</code>	$\circledcirc$	<code>\circledcirc</code>	$\intercal$	<code>\intercal</code>
$\boxdot$	<code>\boxdot</code>	$\circledast$	<code>\circledast</code>	$\leftthreetimes$	<code>\leftthreetimes</code>
$\boxminus$	<code>\boxminus</code>	$\Cup$	<code>\Cup</code>	$\ltimes$	<code>\ltimes</code>
$\boxplus$	<code>\boxplus</code>	$\curlyvee$	<code>\curlyvee</code>	$\rightthreetimes$	<code>\rightthreetimes</code>
$\boxtimes$	<code>\boxtimes</code>	$\curlywedge$	<code>\curlywedge</code>	$\rtimes$	<code>\rtimes</code>
$\Cap$	<code>\Cap</code>	$\divideontimes$	<code>\divideontimes</code>	$\smallsetminus$	<code>\smallsetminus</code>
$\centerdot$	<code>\centerdot</code>	$\dotplus$	<code>\dotplus</code>	$\veebar$	<code>\veebar</code>
$\circledast$	<code>\circledast</code>	$\doublebarwedge$	<code>\doublebarwedge</code>		



TABLE 27: stmaryrd Binary Operators

$\phi$	<code>\baro</code>	$\parallel$	<code>\interleave</code>	$\otimes$	<code>\varoast</code>
$\backslash$	<code>\bbslash</code>	$\triangleleft$	<code>\leftslice</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\varobar</code>
$\&$	<code>\binampersand</code>	$\M$	<code>\merge</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\varobslash</code>
$\wp$	<code>\bindnasrepma</code>	$\ominus$	<code>\minuso</code>	$\odot$	<code>\varocircle</code>
$\boxplus$	<code>\boxast</code>	$\pm$	<code>\moo</code>	$\odot$	<code>\varodot</code>
$\boxbar$	<code>\boxbar</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\nplus</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\varogreaterthan</code>
$\boxbox$	<code>\boxbox</code>	$\ominus$	<code>\obar</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\varolessthan</code>
$\boxbslash$	<code>\boxbslash</code>	$\square$	<code>\oblong</code>	$\ominus$	<code>\varominus</code>
$\boxcircle$	<code>\boxcircle</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\obslash</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\varoplus</code>
$\boxdot$	<code>\boxdot</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\ogreaterthan</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\varoslash</code>
$\boxempty$	<code>\boxempty</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\olessthan</code>	$\otimes$	<code>\varotimes</code>
$\boxslash$	<code>\boxslash</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\ovee</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\varovee</code>
$\curlyveedownarrow$	<code>\curlyveedownarrow</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\owedge</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\varowedge</code>
$\curlyveeuparrow$	<code>\curlyveeuparrow</code>	$\triangleright$	<code>\rightslice</code>	$\times$	<code>\vartimes</code>
$\curlywedgedownarrow$	<code>\curlywedgedownarrow</code>	$\//$	<code>\sslash</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\Ydown</code>
$\curlywedgeuparrow$	<code>\curlywedgeuparrow</code>	$\parallel$	<code>\talloblong</code>	$\leftarrow$	<code>\Yleft</code>
$\fatbslash$	<code>\fatbslash</code>	$\bigcirc$	<code>\varbigcirc</code>	$\rightarrow$	<code>\Yright</code>
$\fatsemi$	<code>\fatsemi</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\varcurlyvee</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\Yup</code>
$\fatslash$	<code>\fatslash</code>	$\curlywedge$	<code>\varcurlywedge</code>		

TABLE 28: wasysym Binary Operators

$\triangleleft$	<code>\lhd</code>	$\circ$	<code>\ocircle</code>	$\blacktriangleright$	<code>\RHD</code>	$\triangleright$	<code>\unrhd</code>
$\blacktriangleleft$	<code>\LHD</code>	$\triangleright$	<code>\rhd</code>	$\triangleleft$	<code>\unlhd</code>		

TABLE 29: txfonts/pxfonts Binary Operators

$\oplus$	<code>\circledbar</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\circledwedge</code>	$\circ$	<code>\medcirc</code>
$\oslash$	<code>\circledbslash</code>	$\wp$	<code>\invamp</code>	$\boxplus$	<code>\sqcapplus</code>
$\oslash$	<code>\circledvee</code>	$\bullet$	<code>\medbullet</code>	$\boxplus$	<code>\sqcupplus</code>

TABLE 30: mathabx Binary Operators

*	<code>\ast</code>	$\wedge$	<code>\curlywedge</code>	$\sqcap$	<code>\sqcap</code>
*	<code>\Asterisk</code>	$\div$	<code>\divdot</code>	$\sqcup$	<code>\sqcup</code>
$\bar{\wedge}$	<code>\barwedge</code>	$\ast$	<code>\divideontimes</code>	$\sqcap\sqcup$	<code>\sqdoublecap</code>
$\star$	<code>\bigstar</code>	$\dot{-}$	<code>\dotdiv</code>	$\sqcup\sqcup$	<code>\sqdoublecup</code>
$\star$	<code>\bigvarstar</code>	$\dagger$	<code>\dotplus</code>	$\square$	<code>\square</code>
$\blacklozenge$	<code>\blackdiamond</code>	$\dot{\times}$	<code>\dottimes</code>	$\boxplus$	<code>\squplus</code>
$\cap$	<code>\cap</code>	$\bar{\wedge}$	<code>\doublebarwedge</code>	$\cdot$	<code>\udot</code>
$\dagger$	<code>\circplus</code>	$\cap\cap$	<code>\doublecap</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\uplus</code>
*	<code>\coasterisk</code>	$\cup\cup$	<code>\doublecup</code>	$\star$	<code>\varstar</code>
$\ast$	<code>\coAsterisk</code>	$\times$	<code>\ltimes</code>	$\vee$	<code>\vee</code>
$\ast$	<code>\convolution</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\pluscirc</code>	$\bar{\vee}$	<code>\veebar</code>
$\cup$	<code>\cup</code>	$\times$	<code>\rtimes</code>	$\bar{\bar{\vee}}$	<code>\veedoublebar</code>
$\vee$	<code>\curlyvee</code>	$\blacksquare$	<code>\sqbullet</code>	$\wedge$	<code>\wedge</code>

Many of the above glyphs go by multiple names. `\centerdot` is equivalent to `\sqbullet`, and `\ast` is equivalent to `*`. `\asterisk` produces the same glyph as `\ast`, but as an ordinary symbol, not a binary operator. Similarly, `\bigast` produces a large-operator version of the `\Asterisk` binary operator, and `\bigcoast` produces a large-operator version of the `\coAsterisk` binary operator.

TABLE 31: ulsy Geometric Binary Operators

$\oplus$  `\odplus`

TABLE 32: mathabx Geometric Binary Operators

$\blacktriangledown$	<code>\blacktriangledown</code>	$\boxplus$	<code>\boxright</code>	$\ominus$	<code>\ominus</code>
$\blacktriangleleft$	<code>\blacktriangleleft</code>	$\boxslash$	<code>\boxslash</code>	$\oplus$	<code>\oplus</code>
$\blacktriangleright$	<code>\blacktriangleright</code>	$\boxtimes$	<code>\boxtimes</code>	$\otimes$	<code>\otimes</code>
$\blacktriangleup$	<code>\blacktriangleup</code>	$\boxtop$	<code>\boxtop</code>	$\oslash$	<code>\oslash</code>
$\boxast$	<code>\boxasterisk</code>	$\boxtriangleup$	<code>\boxtriangleup</code>	$\otimes$	<code>\otimes</code>
$\boxbackslash$	<code>\boxbackslash</code>	$\boxvoid$	<code>\boxvoid</code>	$\otimes$	<code>\otop</code>
$\boxbot$	<code>\boxbot</code>	$\oasterisk$	<code>\oasterisk</code>	$\triangleup$	<code>\otriangleup</code>
$\boxcirc$	<code>\boxcirc</code>	$\obackslash$	<code>\obackslash</code>	$\circ$	<code>\ovoid</code>
$\boxcoasterisk$	<code>\boxcoasterisk</code>	$\obot$	<code>\obot</code>	$\blacktriangledown$	<code>\smalltriangledown</code>
$\boxdiv$	<code>\boxdiv</code>	$\ocirc$	<code>\ocirc</code>	$\blacktriangleleft$	<code>\smalltriangleleft</code>
$\boxdot$	<code>\boxdot</code>	$\ocoasterisk$	<code>\ocoasterisk</code>	$\blacktriangleright$	<code>\smalltriangleright</code>
$\boxleft$	<code>\boxleft</code>	$\odiv$	<code>\odiv</code>	$\blacktriangleup$	<code>\smalltriangleup</code>
$\boxminus$	<code>\boxminus</code>	$\odot$	<code>\odot</code>		
$\boxplus$	<code>\boxplus</code>	$\oleft$	<code>\oleft</code>		

TABLE 33: Variable-sized Math Operators

$\cap \cap$	<code>\bigcap</code>	$\otimes \otimes$	<code>\bigotimes</code>	$\wedge \wedge$	<code>\bigwedge</code>	$\prod \prod$	<code>\prod</code>
$\cup \cup$	<code>\bigcup</code>	$\sqcup \sqcup$	<code>\bigsqcup</code>	$\coprod \coprod$	<code>\coprod</code>	$\sum \sum$	<code>\sum</code>
$\odot \odot$	<code>\bigodot</code>	$\uplus \uplus$	<code>\biguplus</code>	$\int \int$	<code>\int</code>		
$\oplus \oplus$	<code>\bigoplus</code>	$\vee \vee$	<code>\bigvee</code>	$\oint \oint$	<code>\oint</code>		

TABLE 34:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Variable-sized Math Operators

$\int \cdots \int$	<code>\idotsint</code>	$\iiint \iiint$	<code>\iiint</code>
$\iiint \iiint$	<code>\iiiint</code>	$\iint \iint$	<code>\iint</code>

TABLE 35: `stmaryd` Variable-sized Math Operators

$\square \square$	<code>\bigbox</code>	$\parallel \parallel$	<code>\biginterleave</code>	$\sqcap \sqcap$	<code>\bigsqcap</code>
$\Upsilon \Upsilon$	<code>\bigcurlyvee</code>	$\oplus \oplus$	<code>\bignplus</code>	$\nabla \nabla$	<code>\bigtriangledown</code>
$\wedge \wedge$	<code>\bigcurlywedge</code>	$\parallel \parallel$	<code>\bigparallel</code>	$\triangle \triangle$	<code>\bigtriangleup</code>

TABLE 36: `wasysm` Variable-sized Math Operators

$\iiint \iiint$	<code>\iiint</code>	$\oint \oint$	<code>\oiint</code>	$\oint \oint$	<code>\varoiint</code>
$\iint \iint$	<code>\iint</code>	$\int \int$	<code>\varint</code>		

TABLE 37: mathabx Variable-sized Math Operators

$\curlyvee$	<code>\bigcurlyvee</code>	$\boxslash$	<code>\bigboxslash</code>	$\bigoplus$	<code>\bigoright</code>
$\sqcap$	<code>\bigsqcap</code>	$\boxtimes$	<code>\bigboxtimes</code>	$\bigoslash$	<code>\bigoslash</code>
$\curlywedge$	<code>\bigcurlywedge</code>	$\boxplus$	<code>\bigboxplus</code>	$\bigotimes$	<code>\bigotimes</code>
$\boxast$	<code>\bigboxasterisk</code>	$\boxtriangleup$	<code>\bigboxtriangleup</code>	$\bigtriangleup$	<code>\bigtriangleup</code>
$\boxbackslash$	<code>\bigboxbackslash</code>	$\boxminus$	<code>\bigboxminus</code>	$\bigcirc$	<code>\bigovoid</code>
$\boxbot$	<code>\bigboxbot</code>	$\complement$	<code>\bigcomplement</code>	$\bigplus$	<code>\bigplus</code>
$\boxcirc$	<code>\bigboxcirc</code>	$\bigcircast$	<code>\bigcircasterisk</code>	$\bigsqplus$	<code>\bigsqplus</code>
$\boxcoasterisk$	<code>\bigboxcoasterisk</code>	$\bigcircbackslash$	<code>\bigcircbackslash</code>	$\bigtimes$	<code>\bigtimes</code>
$\boxdiv$	<code>\bigboxdiv</code>	$\bigoplus$	<code>\bigoplus</code>	$\iiint$	<code>\iiint</code>
$\boxdot$	<code>\bigboxdot</code>	$\bigodot$	<code>\bigodot</code>	$\iint$	<code>\iint</code>
$\boxleft$	<code>\bigboxleft</code>	$\bigcircast$	<code>\bigcirccoasterisk</code>	$\int$	<code>\int</code>
$\boxminus$	<code>\bigboxminus</code>	$\bigodiv$	<code>\bigodiv</code>	$\oiint$	<code>\oiint</code>
$\boxplus$	<code>\bigboxplus</code>	$\bigoplus$	<code>\bigoplus</code>	$\oint$	<code>\oint</code>
$\boxright$	<code>\bigboxright</code>	$\bigominus$	<code>\bigominus</code>		

TABLE 38: txfonts/pxfonts Variable-sized Math Operators

$\boxplus$	$\boxed{+}$	<code>\bigsqcapplus</code>	$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\ointclockwise</code>
$\boxplus$	$\boxed{+}$	<code>\bigsqcupplus</code>	$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\ointctrlockwise</code>
$\int$	$\int$	<code>\fint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\sqiiint</code>
$\int \dots \int$	$\int \dots \int$	<code>\idotsint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\sqiint</code>
$\iiint$	$\iiint$	<code>\iiiint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\sqint</code>
$\iiint$	$\iiint$	<code>\iiint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varoiintclockwise</code>
$\iint$	$\iint$	<code>\iint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varoiintctrlockwise</code>
$\oiint$	$\oiint$	<code>\oiintclockwise</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varoiintclockwise</code>
$\oiint$	$\oiint$	<code>\oiintctrlockwise</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varoiintctrlockwise</code>
$\oiint$	$\oiint$	<code>\oiint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varointclockwise</code>
$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\ointclockwise</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varointctrlockwise</code>
$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\ointctrlockwise</code>	$\times$	$\times$	<code>\varprod</code>
$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\oint</code>			

TABLE 39: esint Variable-sized Math Operators

$\int \dots \int$	$\int \dots \int$	<code>\dotsint</code>	$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\ointclockwise</code>
$\int$	$\int$	<code>\fint</code>	$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\ointctrlockwise</code>
$\iiint$	$\iiint$	<code>\iiiint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\sqiint</code>
$\iiint$	$\iiint$	<code>\iiint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\sqint</code>
$\iint$	$\iint$	<code>\iint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varoiint</code>
$\int$	$\int$	<code>\landdownint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varointclockwise</code>
$\int$	$\int$	<code>\landupint</code>	$\int$	$\int$	<code>\varointctrlockwise</code>
$\oint$	$\oint$	<code>\oint</code>			

TABLE 40: Binary Relations

$\approx$	<code>\approx</code>	$\equiv$	<code>\equiv</code>	$\perp$	<code>\perp</code>	$\smile$	<code>\smile</code>
$\asymp$	<code>\asymp</code>	$\frown$	<code>\frown</code>	$\prec$	<code>\prec</code>	$\succ$	<code>\succ</code>
$\bowtie$	<code>\bowtie</code>	$\Join^*$	<code>\Join^*</code>	$\preceq$	<code>\preceq</code>	$\succeq$	<code>\succeq</code>
$\cong$	<code>\cong</code>	$\mid$	<code>\mid</code>	$\propto$	<code>\propto</code>	$\vdash$	<code>\vdash</code>
$\dashv$	<code>\dashv</code>	$\models$	<code>\models</code>	$\sim$	<code>\sim</code>		
$\doteq$	<code>\doteq</code>	$\parallel$	<code>\parallel</code>	$\simeq$	<code>\simeq</code>		

\* Not predefined in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub>. Use one of the packages `latexsym`, `amsmath`, `amssymb`, `mathabx`, `txfonts`, `pxfonts`, or `wasysym`.

TABLE 41:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Binary Relations

$\approx$	<code>\approxeq</code>	$\#$	<code>\eqcirc</code>	$\succapprox$	<code>\succapprox</code>
$\backsimeq$	<code>\backepsilon</code>	$\fallingdotseq$	<code>\fallingdotseq</code>	$\succcurlyeq$	<code>\succcurlyeq</code>
$\backsim$	<code>\backsim</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimap</code>	$\succsim$	<code>\succsim</code>
$\backsimeq$	<code>\backsimeq</code>	$\pitchfork$	<code>\pitchfork</code>	$\therefore$	<code>\therefore</code>
$\because$	<code>\because</code>	$\precapprox$	<code>\precapprox</code>	$\thickapprox$	<code>\thickapprox</code>
$\between$	<code>\between</code>	$\preccurlyeq$	<code>\preccurlyeq</code>	$\thicksim$	<code>\thicksim</code>
$\Bumpeq$	<code>\Bumpeq</code>	$\precsim$	<code>\precsim</code>	$\varpropto$	<code>\varpropto</code>
$\bumpeq$	<code>\bumpeq</code>	$\risingdotseq$	<code>\risingdotseq</code>	$\Vdash$	<code>\Vdash</code>
$\circeq$	<code>\circeq</code>	$\shortmid$	<code>\shortmid</code>	$\vDash$	<code>\vDash</code>
$\curlyeqprec$	<code>\curlyeqprec</code>	$\shortparallel$	<code>\shortparallel</code>	$\Vvdash$	<code>\Vvdash</code>
$\curlyeqsucc$	<code>\curlyeqsucc</code>	$\smallfrown$	<code>\smallfrown</code>		
$\doteqdot$	<code>\doteqdot</code>	$\smallsmile$	<code>\smallsmile</code>		

TABLE 42:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Negated Binary Relations

$\ncong$	<code>\ncong</code>	$\nshortparallel$	<code>\nshortparallel</code>	$\nVDash$	<code>\nVDash</code>
$\nmid$	<code>\nmid</code>	$\nsim$	<code>\nsim</code>	$\precnapprox$	<code>\precnapprox</code>
$\nparallel$	<code>\nparallel</code>	$\nsucc$	<code>\nsucc</code>	$\precnsim$	<code>\precnsim</code>
$\nprec$	<code>\nprec</code>	$\nsucceq$	<code>\nsucceq</code>	$\succnapprox$	<code>\succnapprox</code>
$\npreceq$	<code>\npreceq</code>	$\nVDash$	<code>\nVDash</code>	$\succnsim$	<code>\succnsim</code>
$\nshortmid$	<code>\nshortmid</code>	$\nvDash$	<code>\nvDash</code>		

TABLE 43: `stmaryrd` Binary Relations

$\in$	<code>\inplus</code>	$\ni$	<code>\niplus</code>
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TABLE 44: `wasysym` Binary Relations

$\neg$	<code>\invneg</code>	$\leadsto$	<code>\leadsto</code>	$\propto$	<code>\wasypropto</code>
$\Join$	<code>\Join</code>	$\otimes$	<code>\logof</code>		

TABLE 45: txfonts/pxfonts Binary Relations

$\textcircled{\times}$	<code>\circledgtr</code>	$\times$	<code>\lJoin</code>	$\times$	<code>\opentimes</code>
$\textcircled{\circ}$	<code>\circledless</code>	$\times$	<code>\lRtimes</code>	$\perp$	<code>\Perp</code>
$\approx$	<code>\colonapprox</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimap</code>	$\preceq$	<code>\preceqq</code>
$\approx$	<code>\Colonapprox</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapboth</code>	$\preceq$	<code>\precneqq</code>
$\dashv$	<code>\coloneq</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapbothvert</code>	$\times$	<code>\rJoin</code>
$\dashv$	<code>\Coloneq</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdot</code>	$\varepsilon$	<code>\strictfi</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\Coloneqq</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdotboth</code>	$\varepsilon$	<code>\strictif</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\coloneqq</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdotbothA</code>	$\varepsilon$	<code>\strictiff</code>
$\sim$	<code>\Colonsim</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdotbothAvert</code>	$\succ$	<code>\succeqq</code>
$\sim$	<code>\colonsim</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdotbothB</code>	$\succ$	<code>\succneqq</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\Eqcolon</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdotbothBvert</code>	$\parallel$	<code>\varparallel</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\eqcolon</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdotbothvert</code>	$\parallel$	<code>\varparallelinv</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\eqqcolon</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapdotinv</code>	$\Vdash$	<code>\VvDash</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\Eqqcolon</code>	$\multimap$	<code>\multimapinv</code>		
$\simeq$	<code>\eqsim</code>	$\times$	<code>\openJoin</code>		

TABLE 46: txfonts/pxfonts Negated Binary Relations

$\napprox$	<code>\napprox</code>	$\napprox$	<code>\npreccurlyeq</code>	$\napprox$	<code>\nthickapprox</code>
$\nasymp$	<code>\nasymp</code>	$\nasymp$	<code>\npreceqq</code>	$\nasymp$	<code>\ntwoheadleftarrow</code>
$\nbacksim$	<code>\nbacksim</code>	$\nbacksim$	<code>\nprecsim</code>	$\nbacksim$	<code>\ntwoheadrightarrow</code>
$\nbacksimeq$	<code>\nbacksimeq</code>	$\nbacksimeq$	<code>\nsimeq</code>	$\nbacksimeq$	<code>\nvarparallel</code>
$\nbumpeq$	<code>\nbumpeq</code>	$\nbumpeq$	<code>\nsuccapprox</code>	$\nbumpeq$	<code>\nvarparallelinv</code>
$\nBumpeq$	<code>\nBumpeq</code>	$\nBumpeq$	<code>\nsucccurlyeq</code>	$\nBumpeq$	<code>\nVdash</code>
$\nequiv$	<code>\nequiv</code>	$\nequiv$	<code>\nsucceqq</code>		
$\nprecapprox$	<code>\nprecapprox</code>	$\nprecapprox$	<code>\nsuccsim</code>		

TABLE 47: mathabx Binary Relations

$\textcircled{\times}$	<code>\between</code>	$ $	<code>\divides</code>	$\equiv$	<code>\risingdotseq</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\botdoteq</code>	$\doteq$	<code>\dotseq</code>	$\approx$	<code>\succapprox</code>
$\textcircled{\times}$	<code>\Bumpedeq</code>	$\textcircled{\times}$	<code>\eqbumped</code>	$\succ$	<code>\succcurlyeq</code>
$\textcircled{\times}$	<code>\bumpedeq</code>	$\#$	<code>\eqcirc</code>	$\succ$	<code>\succdot</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\circeq</code>	$\equiv$	<code>\eqcolon</code>	$\succ$	<code>\succsim</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\coloneq</code>	$\equiv$	<code>\fallingdotseq</code>	$\therefore$	<code>\therefore</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\corresponds</code>	$\succ$	<code>\ggcurly</code>	$\doteq$	<code>\topdoteq</code>
$\prec$	<code>\curlyeqprec</code>	$\ll$	<code>\llcurly</code>	$\Vdash$	<code>\vDash</code>
$\succ$	<code>\curlyeqsucc</code>	$\approx$	<code>\precapprox</code>	$\Vdash$	<code>\Vdash</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\DashV</code>	$\napprox$	<code>\preccurlyeq</code>	$\Vdash$	<code>\Vdash</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\Dashv</code>	$\prec$	<code>\precdot</code>	$\Vdash$	<code>\Vdash</code>
$\equiv$	<code>\dashVv</code>	$\succ$	<code>\precsim</code>		

TABLE 48: `mathabx` Negated Binary Relations

$\not\approx$	<code>\napprox</code>	$\not\perp$	<code>\notperp</code>	$\not\equiv$	<code>\nvDash</code>
$\not\cong$	<code>\ncong</code>	$\nprec$	<code>\nprec</code>	$\not\equiv$	<code>\nVDash</code>
$\ncurlyeqprec$	<code>\ncurlyeqprec</code>	$\nprecapprox$	<code>\nprecapprox</code>	$\not\equiv$	<code>\nVdash</code>
$\ncurlyeqsucc$	<code>\ncurlyeqsucc</code>	$\npreccurlyeq$	<code>\npreccurlyeq</code>	$\not\equiv$	<code>\nvdash</code>
$\nDashv$	<code>\nDashv</code>	$\npreceq$	<code>\npreceq</code>	$\not\equiv$	<code>\nVdash</code>
$\ndashV$	<code>\ndashV</code>	$\nprecsim$	<code>\nprecsim</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\precnapprox</code>
$\ndashv$	<code>\ndashv</code>	$\nsim$	<code>\nsim</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\precneq</code>
$\nDashV$	<code>\nDashV</code>	$\nsimeq$	<code>\nsimeq</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\precnsim</code>
$\ndashVv$	<code>\ndashVv</code>	$\nsucc$	<code>\nsucc</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\succnapprox</code>
$\neq$	<code>\neq</code>	$\nsuccapprox$	<code>\nsuccapprox</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\succneq</code>
$\not\asymp$	<code>\notasymp</code>	$\nsucccurlyeq$	<code>\nsucccurlyeq</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\succnsim</code>
$\notdivides$	<code>\notdivides</code>	$\nsucceq$	<code>\nsucceq</code>		
$\notequiv$	<code>\notequiv</code>	$\succsim$	<code>\succsim</code>		

The `\changenotsign` command toggles the behavior of `\not` to produce either a vertical or a diagonal slash through a binary operator. Thus, “`\not=`” can be made to produce either “ $a \nmid b$ ” or “ $a \neq b$ ”.

TABLE 49: Subset and Superset Relations

$\sqsubset^*$	<code>\sqsubset^*</code>	$\sqsupseteq$	<code>\sqsupseteq</code>	$\supset$	<code>\supset</code>
$\sqsubseteq$	<code>\sqsubseteq</code>	$\subset$	<code>\subset</code>	$\supseteq$	<code>\supseteq</code>
$\sqsupset^*$	<code>\sqsupset^*</code>	$\subseteq$	<code>\subseteq</code>		

\* Not predefined in  $\text{\LaTeX}2_{\epsilon}$ . Use one of the packages `latexsym`, `amssymb`, `mathabx`, `txfonts`, `pxfonts`, or `wasysym`.

TABLE 50:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Subset and Superset Relations

$\not\subseteq$	<code>\notsubseteq</code>	$\subseteq$	<code>\subseteq</code>	$\supsetneqq$	<code>\supsetneqq</code>
$\not\supseteq$	<code>\notsupseteq</code>	$\subsetneq$	<code>\subsetneq</code>	$\varsubsetneqq$	<code>\varsubsetneqq</code>
$\not\subseteq$	<code>\notsubseteq</code>	$\subseteq$	<code>\subseteq</code>	$\varsubsetneqq$	<code>\varsubsetneqq</code>
$\sqsubset$	<code>\sqsubset</code>	$\supset$	<code>\supset</code>	$\varsupsetneqq$	<code>\varsupsetneqq</code>
$\sqsupset$	<code>\sqsupset</code>	$\supseteq$	<code>\supseteq</code>	$\varsupsetneqq$	<code>\varsupsetneqq</code>
$\Subset$	<code>\Subset</code>	$\supsetneq$	<code>\supsetneq</code>		

TABLE 51: `stmaryrd` Subset and Superset Relations

$\Subsetplus$	<code>\Subsetplus</code>	$\supsetplus$	<code>\supsetplus</code>
$\Subsetpluseq$	<code>\Subsetpluseq</code>	$\supsetpluseq$	<code>\supsetpluseq</code>

TABLE 52: `wasysym` Subset and Superset Relations

$\sqsubset$	<code>\sqsubset</code>	$\sqsupset$	<code>\sqsupset</code>
-------------	------------------------	-------------	------------------------



TABLE 53: txfonts/pxfonts Subset and Superset Relations

$\not\subset$	<code>\nsqsubset</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\nsqsupseteq</code>	$\not\supset$	<code>\nSupset</code>
$\not\subseteq$	<code>\nsqsubseteq</code>	$\not\in$	<code>\nSubset</code>		
$\not\supset$	<code>\nsqsupset</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\nsubseteqq</code>		

TABLE 54: mathabx Subset and Superset Relations

$\not\subset$	<code>\nsqsubset</code>	$\not\supset$	<code>\nsupset</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\sqsupseteq</code>	$\supseteq$	<code>\supseteq</code>
$\not\subseteq$	<code>\nsqSubset</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\nSupset</code>	$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\sqsupseteqq</code>	$\supseteqq$	<code>\supseteqq</code>
$\not\subseteq$	<code>\nsqsubseteq</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\nsubseteqq</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\sqsupseteq</code>	$\supseteq$	<code>\supseteq</code>
$\not\subseteqq$	<code>\nsqsubseteqq</code>	$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\nsubseteqqq</code>	$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\sqsupseteqq</code>	$\supseteqq$	<code>\supseteqq</code>
$\not\supset$	<code>\nsqsupset</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\sqsubset</code>	$\subset$	<code>\subset</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\varsqsubsetneq</code>
$\not\supseteq$	<code>\nsqSupset</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\sqSubset</code>	$\subseteq$	<code>\Subset</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\varsqsubsetneqq</code>
$\not\supseteq$	<code>\nsqsupseteq</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\sqsubseteq</code>	$\subseteq$	<code>\subseteq</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\varsqsupsetneq</code>
$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\nsqsupseteqq</code>	$\not\subseteqq$	<code>\sqsubseteqq</code>	$\subseteqq$	<code>\subseteqq</code>	$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\varsqsupsetneqq</code>
$\not\subset$	<code>\nsubset</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\sqsubsetneq</code>	$\subsetneq$	<code>\subsetneq</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\varsubsetneq</code>
$\not\subseteq$	<code>\nSubset</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\sqsubsetneqq</code>	$\subsetneqq$	<code>\subsetneqq</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\varsubsetneqq</code>
$\not\subseteq$	<code>\nsubseteq</code>	$\not\subseteq$	<code>\sqsubseteqneq</code>	$\subseteqneq$	<code>\subseteqneq</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\varsubseteqneq</code>
$\not\subseteqq$	<code>\nsubseteqq</code>	$\not\subseteqq$	<code>\sqsubseteqneqq</code>	$\subseteqneqq$	<code>\subseteqneqq</code>	$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\varsubseteqneqq</code>
$\not\supseteq$	<code>\nsubsetneq</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\sqsupsetneq</code>	$\supsetneq$	<code>\supsetneq</code>	$\not\supseteq$	<code>\varsubsetneq</code>
$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\nsubsetneqq</code>	$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\sqsupsetneqq</code>	$\supsetneqq$	<code>\supsetneqq</code>	$\not\supseteqq$	<code>\varsubsetneqq</code>

TABLE 55: Inequalities

$\geq$	<code>\geq</code>	$\gg$	<code>\gg</code>	$\leq$	<code>\leq</code>	$\ll$	<code>\ll</code>	$\neq$	<code>\neq</code>
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TABLE 56:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Inequalities

$\gg$	<code>\eqslantgtr</code>	$\approx$	<code>\gtrless</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\lneq</code>
$\lessgtr$	<code>\eqslantless</code>	$\approx$	<code>\gtrsim</code>	$\not\approx$	<code>\lneqq</code>
$\approx$	<code>\geqq</code>	$\approx$	<code>\gvertneqq</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lnsim</code>
$\approx$	<code>\geqslant</code>	$\approx$	<code>\leqq</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lvertneqq</code>
$\approx$	<code>\ggg</code>	$\approx$	<code>\leqslant</code>	$\approx$	<code>\ngeq</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gnapprox</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lessapprox</code>	$\approx$	<code>\ngeqq</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gneq</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lessdot</code>	$\approx$	<code>\ngeqslant</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gneqq</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lesseqgtr</code>	$\approx$	<code>\ngtr</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gnsim</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lesseqqgtr</code>	$\approx$	<code>\nleq</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gtrapprox</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lessgtr</code>	$\approx$	<code>\nleqq</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gtrdot</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lesssim</code>	$\approx$	<code>\nleqslant</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gtreqless</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lll</code>	$\approx$	<code>\nless</code>
$\approx$	<code>\gtreqqless</code>	$\approx$	<code>\lnapprox</code>		

TABLE 57: wasysym Inequalities

$\gtrsim$	<code>\apprge</code>	$\lesssim$	<code>\apprle</code>
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TABLE 58: txfonts/pxfonts Inequalities

$\nlessgtr$	<code>\ngg</code>	$\nlessgtrsim$	<code>\ngtrsim</code>	$\nlessssim$	<code>\nlesssim</code>
$\nlessapprox$	<code>\ngtrapprox</code>	$\nlessapprox$	<code>\nlessapprox</code>	$\nll$	<code>\nll</code>
$\nlessless$	<code>\ngtrless</code>	$\nlessgtr$	<code>\nlessgtr</code>		

TABLE 59: mathabx Inequalities

$\nlessgtr$	<code>\eqslantgtr</code>	$\nlessgtrless$	<code>\gtreqless</code>	$\nlessssim$	<code>\ngtr</code>
$\nlessless$	<code>\eqslantless</code>	$\nlessless$	<code>\gtreqqless</code>	$\nll$	<code>\ngtrapprox</code>
$\nless$	<code>\geq</code>	$\nless$	<code>\gtrless</code>	$\nlll$	<code>\ngtrsim</code>
$\nless$	<code>\geqq</code>	$\nless$	<code>\gtrsim</code>	$\napprox$	<code>\nleq</code>
$\nless$	<code>\gg</code>	$\nless$	<code>\gvertneqq</code>	$\nleq$	<code>\nleqq</code>
$\nless$	<code>\ggg</code>	$\nless$	<code>\leq</code>	$\nleqq$	<code>\nless</code>
$\nless$	<code>\gnapprox</code>	$\nless$	<code>\leqq</code>	$\nlsim$	<code>\nlessapprox</code>
$\nless$	<code>\gneq</code>	$\nless$	<code>\lessapprox</code>	$\nvertneqq$	<code>\nlesssim</code>
$\nless$	<code>\gneqq</code>	$\nless$	<code>\lessdot</code>	$\nlessgtr$	<code>\nvargeq</code>
$\nless$	<code>\gnsim</code>	$\nless$	<code>\lesseqgtr</code>	$\nlessless$	<code>\nvarleq</code>
$\nless$	<code>\gtrapprox</code>	$\nless$	<code>\lesseqqgtr</code>	$\ngeq$	<code>\vargeq</code>
$\nless$	<code>\gtrdot</code>	$\nless$	<code>\lessgtr</code>	$\ngeqq$	<code>\varleq</code>

mathabx defines `\leqslant` and `\le` as synonyms for `\leq`, `\geqslant` and `\ge` as synonyms for `\geq`, `\nlessgtr` as a synonym for `\nleq`, and `\ngeqslant` as a synonym for `\ngeq`.

TABLE 60:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Triangle Relations

$\blacktriangleleft$	<code>\blacktriangleleft</code>	$\ntrianglelefteq$	<code>\ntrianglelefteq</code>	$\trianglelefteq$	<code>\trianglelefteq</code>	$\vartriangleleft$	<code>\vartriangleleft</code>
$\blacktriangleright$	<code>\blacktriangleright</code>	$\ntrianglerighteq$	<code>\ntrianglerighteq</code>	$\trianglerighteq$	<code>\trianglerighteq</code>	$\vartriangleright$	<code>\vartriangleright</code>
$\triangleleft$	<code>\triangleleft</code>	$\ntrianglerighteq$	<code>\ntrianglerighteq</code>	$\trianglerighteq$	<code>\trianglerighteq</code>		

TABLE 61: stmaryrd Triangle Relations

$\trianglelefteqslant$	<code>\trianglelefteqslant</code>	$\trianglerighteqslant$	<code>\trianglerighteqslant</code>
$\ntrianglelefteqslant$	<code>\ntrianglelefteqslant</code>	$\ntrianglerighteqslant$	<code>\ntrianglerighteqslant</code>

TABLE 62: mathabx Triangle Relations

$\ntriangleleft$	<code>\ntriangleleft</code>	$\ntrianglerighteq$	<code>\ntrianglerighteq</code>	$\triangleright$	<code>\triangleright</code>	$\vartriangleright$	<code>\vartriangleright</code>
$\ntrianglelefteq$	<code>\ntrianglelefteq</code>	$\triangleleft$	<code>\triangleleft</code>	$\trianglerighteq$	<code>\trianglerighteq</code>		
$\ntriangleright$	<code>\ntriangleright</code>	$\trianglelefteq$	<code>\trianglelefteq</code>	$\vartriangleleft$	<code>\vartriangleleft</code>		

TABLE 63: Arrows

$\Downarrow$	<code>\Downarrow</code>	$\longleftarrow$	<code>\longleftarrow</code>	$\nearrow$	<code>\nrightarrow</code>
$\downarrow$	<code>\downarrow</code>	$\Lleftarrow$	<code>\Lleftarrow</code>	$\Rightarrow$	<code>\Rrightarrow</code>
$\hookleftarrow$	<code>\hookleftarrow</code>	$\longleftrightarrow$	<code>\longleftrightarrow</code>	$\rightarrow$	<code>\rightarrow</code>
$\hookrightarrow$	<code>\hookrightarrow</code>	$\Longleftarrow$	<code>\Longleftarrow</code>	$\searrow$	<code>\searrow</code>
$\leadsto$	<code>\leadsto*</code>	$\longmapsto$	<code>\longmapsto</code>	$\swarrow$	<code>\swarrow</code>
$\leftarrow$	<code>\leftarrow</code>	$\Longrightarrow$	<code>\Longrightarrow</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\Uparrow</code>
$\Leftarrow$	<code>\Leftarrow</code>	$\longrightarrow$	<code>\longrightarrow</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\Uparrow</code>
$\Leftrightarrow$	<code>\Leftrightarrow</code>	$\mapsto$	<code>\mapsto</code>	$\updownarrow$	<code>\updownarrow</code>
$\leftrightsquigarrow$	<code>\leftrightsquigarrow</code>	$\nearrow$	<code>\nearrow</code>	$\Updownarrow$	<code>\Updownarrow</code>

\* Not predefined in  $\text{L}^{\text{T}}\text{E}^{\text{X}} 2_{\epsilon}$ . Use one of the packages `latexsym`, `amsmath`, `amssymb`, `txfonts`, `pxfonts`, or `wasysym`.

TABLE 64: Harpoons

$\leftharpoonup$	<code>\leftharpoonup</code>	$\rightharpoonup$	<code>\rightharpoonup</code>	$\rightleftharpoons$	<code>\rightleftharpoons</code>
$\leftharpoonup$	<code>\leftharpoonup</code>	$\rightharpoonup$	<code>\rightharpoonup</code>		

TABLE 65: `textcomp` Text-Mode Arrows

$\downarrow$	<code>\textdownarrow</code>	$\rightarrow$	<code>\textrightarrow</code>
$\leftarrow$	<code>\textleftarrow</code>	$\uparrow$	<code>\textuparrow</code>

TABLE 66:  $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{S}$  Arrows

$\circlearrowleft$	<code>\circlearrowleft</code>	$\Lleftarrow$	<code>\Lleftarrow</code>	$\Rrightarrow$	<code>\Rrightarrow</code>
$\circlearrowright$	<code>\circlearrowright</code>	$\Lleftarrow$	<code>\Lleftarrow</code>	$\Rrightarrow$	<code>\Rrightarrow</code>
$\curvearrowleft$	<code>\curvearrowleft</code>	$\Lleftarrow$	<code>\Lleftarrow</code>	$\Rrightarrow$	<code>\Rrightarrow</code>
$\curvearrowright$	<code>\curvearrowright</code>	$\Lleftarrow$	<code>\Lleftarrow</code>	$\Rrightarrow$	<code>\Rrightarrow</code>
$\dashleftarrow$	<code>\dashleftarrow</code>	$\looparrowleft$	<code>\looparrowleft</code>	$\twoheadleftarrow$	<code>\twoheadleftarrow</code>
$\dashrightarrow$	<code>\dashrightarrow</code>	$\looparrowright$	<code>\looparrowright</code>	$\twoheadrightarrow$	<code>\twoheadrightarrow</code>
$\downdownarrows$	<code>\downdownarrows</code>	$\Lsh$	<code>\Lsh</code>	$\upuparrows$	<code>\upuparrows</code>
$\leftarrowtail$	<code>\leftarrowtail</code>	$\rightarrowtail$	<code>\rightarrowtail</code>		

TABLE 67:  $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{S}$  Negated Arrows

$\nleftarrow$	<code>\nleftarrow</code>	$\nrightarrow$	<code>\nrightarrow</code>	$\nrightarrow$	<code>\nrightarrow</code>
$\nleftarrow$	<code>\nleftarrow</code>	$\nrightarrow$	<code>\nrightarrow</code>	$\nrightarrow$	<code>\nrightarrow</code>

TABLE 68:  $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{S}$  Harpoons

$\downharpoonleft$	<code>\downharpoonleft</code>	$\leftrightharpoons$	<code>\leftrightharpoons</code>	$\upharpoonleft$	<code>\upharpoonleft</code>
$\downharpoonright$	<code>\downharpoonright</code>	$\leftrightharpoons$	<code>\leftrightharpoons</code>	$\upharpoonright$	<code>\upharpoonright</code>

TABLE 69: stmaryrd Arrows

$\leftarrow$	<code>\leftarrowtriangle</code>	$\Leftarrow$	<code>\Mapsfrom</code>	$\shortleftarrow$	<code>\shortleftarrow</code>
$\Leftrightarrow$	<code>\leftrightharveq</code>	$\mapsto$	<code>\mapsfrom</code>	$\rightarrow$	<code>\shortrightarrow</code>
$\Leftrightarrow$	<code>\leftrightharveqtriangle</code>	$\Mapsto$	<code>\Mapsto</code>	$\uparrow$	<code>\shortuparrow</code>
$\lightning$	<code>\lightning</code>	$\nearrow$	<code>\nnearrow</code>	$\searrow$	<code>\ssearrow</code>
$\Longmapsfrom$	<code>\Longmapsfrom</code>	$\nwarrow$	<code>\nnwarrow</code>	$\swarrow$	<code>\sswarrow</code>
$\longmapsfrom$	<code>\longmapsfrom</code>	$\rightarrowtriangle$	<code>\rightarrowtriangle</code>		
$\Longmapsto$	<code>\Longmapsto</code>	$\downarrow$	<code>\shortdownarrow</code>		

TABLE 70: txfonts/pxfonts Arrows

$\boxdotleft$	<code>\boxdotLeft</code>	$\circrightarrow$	<code>\circleddotright</code>	$\diamondleft$	<code>\Diamondleft</code>
$\boxdotleft$	<code>\boxdotleft</code>	$\circleftarrow$	<code>\circleleft</code>	$\diamondright$	<code>\Diamondright</code>
$\boxdotright$	<code>\boxdotright</code>	$\circrightarrow$	<code>\circleright</code>	$\diamondrightarrow$	<code>\DiamondRight</code>
$\boxdotright$	<code>\boxdotRight</code>	$\dashleftarrow$	<code>\dashleftarrow</code>	$\leftsquigarrow$	<code>\leftsquigarrow</code>
$\boxleft$	<code>\boxLeft</code>	$\diamondleft$	<code>\DiamonddotLeft</code>	$\nearrow$	<code>\Nearrow</code>
$\boxleft$	<code>\boxleft</code>	$\diamondleft$	<code>\Diamonddotleft</code>	$\nwarrow$	<code>\Nwarrow</code>
$\boxright$	<code>\boxright</code>	$\diamondrightarrow$	<code>\Diamonddotright</code>	$\Rightarrow$	<code>\Rightarrow</code>
$\boxright$	<code>\boxRight</code>	$\diamondrightarrow$	<code>\DiamonddotRight</code>	$\searrow$	<code>\Searrow</code>
$\circleft$	<code>\circleddotleft</code>	$\diamondleft$	<code>\DiamondLeft</code>	$\swarrow$	<code>\Swarrow</code>

TABLE 71: mathabx Arrows

$\circleftarrow$	<code>\circleftarrow</code>	$\leftarrow$	<code>\leftarrow</code>	$\nearrow$	<code>\nearrow</code>
$\circrightarrow$	<code>\circrightarrow</code>	$\leftleftarrows$	<code>\leftleftarrows</code>	$\upharpoonright$	<code>\restriction</code>
$\curvearrowleft$	<code>\curvearrowleft</code>	$\leftrightarrows$	<code>\leftrightarrows</code>	$\rightarrow$	<code>\rightarrow</code>
$\curvearrowleft$	<code>\curvearrowleft</code>	$\leftrightsquigarrow$	<code>\leftrightsquigarrow</code>	$\rightleftarrows$	<code>\rightleftarrows</code>
$\curvearrowright$	<code>\curvearrowright</code>	$\leftsquigarrow$	<code>\leftsquigarrow</code>	$\rightrightarrows$	<code>\rightrightarrows</code>
$\curvearrowright$	<code>\curvearrowright</code>	$\rightsquigarrow$	<code>\rightsquigarrow</code>	$\rightleftarrow$	<code>\rightleftarrow</code>
$\curvearrowleft$	<code>\curvearrowleft</code>	$\leftto$	<code>\leftto</code>	$\Rrightarrow$	<code>\Rrightarrow</code>
$\curvearrowright$	<code>\curvearrowright</code>	$\looparrowleft$	<code>\looparrowleft</code>	$\searrow$	<code>\searrow</code>
$\dls$	<code>\dls</code>	$\looparrowright$	<code>\looparrowright</code>	$\swarrow$	<code>\swarrow</code>
$\downdownarrows$	<code>\downdownarrows</code>	$\looparrowleft$	<code>\looparrowleft</code>	$\updownarrows$	<code>\updownarrows</code>
$\downtouparrows$	<code>\downtouparrows</code>	$\looparrowright$	<code>\looparrowright</code>	$\updownarrow$	<code>\updownarrow</code>
$\downuparrows$	<code>\downuparrows</code>	$\Lrightarrow$	<code>\Lrightarrow</code>	$\updownarrow$	<code>\updownarrow</code>
$\drsh$	<code>\drsh</code>	$\nearrow$	<code>\nearrow</code>	$\upuparrows$	<code>\upuparrows</code>

TABLE 72: mathabx Negated Arrows

$\nleftarrow$	<code>\nleftarrow</code>	$\nleftrightarrow$	<code>\nleftrightarrow</code>	$\nrightarrow$	<code>\nrightarrow</code>
$\leftarrow$	<code>\leftarrow</code>	$\nLeftrightarrow$	<code>\nLeftrightarrow</code>	$\nRightrightarrow$	<code>\nRightrightarrow</code>

TABLE 73: mathabx Harpoons

$\bar{\leftarrow}$	<code>\barleftharpoon</code>	$\leftarrow$	<code>\leftharpoonup</code>	$\bar{\rightleftarrows}$	<code>\rightleftharpoons</code>
$\bar{\Rightarrow}$	<code>\barrightharpoon</code>	$\Leftarrow$	<code>\leftleftharpoons</code>	$\bar{\Rightarrow}$	<code>\rightrightarpoons</code>
$\Downarrow$	<code>\downdownharpoons</code>	$\leftrightarrow$	<code>\leftrightarpoon</code>	$\Downarrow$	<code>\updownharpoons</code>
$\downarrow$	<code>\downharpoonleft</code>	$\Leftrightarrow$	<code>\leftrightharpoons</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\upharpoonleft</code>
$\downarrow$	<code>\downharpoonright</code>	$\bar{\Rightarrow}$	<code>\rightbarharpoon</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\upharpoonright</code>
$\Downarrow$	<code>\downupharpoons</code>	$\rightarrow$	<code>\rightharpoondown</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\upupharpoons</code>
$\bar{\Leftarrow}$	<code>\leftbarharpoon</code>	$\rightarrow$	<code>\rightharpoonup</code>		
$\bar{\leftarrow}$	<code>\leftharpoondown</code>	$\leftrightarrow$	<code>\rightleftharpoon</code>		

TABLE 74: usly Contradiction Symbols

$\blitz$	<code>\blitza</code>	$\blitz$	<code>\blitzb</code>	$\blitz$	<code>\blitzc</code>	$\blitz$	<code>\blitzd</code>	$\blitz$	<code>\blitze</code>
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TABLE 75: Extension Characters

$\bar{-}$	<code>\relbar</code>	$\bar{=}$	<code>\Relbar</code>
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TABLE 76: stmaryrd Extension Characters

$\not\rightarrow$	<code>\Arrownot</code>	$\mapsto$	<code>\Mapsfromchar</code>	$\mapsto$	<code>\Mapstochar</code>
$\not\rightarrow$	<code>\arrownot</code>	$\mapsto$	<code>\mapsfromchar</code>		

TABLE 77: txfonts/pxfonts Extension Characters

$\Mmapsto$	<code>\Mappedfromchar</code>	$\Mmapsto$	<code>\Mmappedfromchar</code>	$\Mmapsto$	<code>\Mmapstochar</code>
$\mmapsto$	<code>\mappedfromchar</code>	$\mmapsto$	<code>\mmappedfromchar</code>	$\mmapsto$	<code>\mmapstochar</code>

TABLE 78: mathabx Extension Characters

$\mapsto$	<code>\mapsfromchar</code>	$\mapsto$	<code>\mapstochar</code>
$\Mapsto$	<code>\Mapsfromchar</code>	$\Mapsto$	<code>\Mapstochar</code>

TABLE 79: Log-like Symbols

<code>\arccos</code>	<code>\cos</code>	<code>\csc</code>	<code>\exp</code>	<code>\ker</code>	<code>\limsup</code>	<code>\min</code>	<code>\sinh</code>
<code>\arcsin</code>	<code>\cosh</code>	<code>\deg</code>	<code>\gcd</code>	<code>\lg</code>	<code>\ln</code>	<code>\Pr</code>	<code>\sup</code>
<code>\arctan</code>	<code>\cot</code>	<code>\det</code>	<code>\hom</code>	<code>\lim</code>	<code>\log</code>	<code>\sec</code>	<code>\tan</code>
<code>\arg</code>	<code>\coth</code>	<code>\dim</code>	<code>\inf</code>	<code>\liminf</code>	<code>\max</code>	<code>\sin</code>	<code>\tanh</code>

Calling the above “symbols” may be a bit misleading.<sup>1</sup> Each log-like symbol merely produces the eponymous textual equivalent, but with proper surrounding spacing. See Section 7.3 for more information about log-like symbols. As `\bmod` and `\pmod` are arguably not symbols we refer the reader to the Short Math Guide for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X [Dow00] for samples.

TABLE 80:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Log-like Symbols

<code>\injlim</code>	<code>\injlim</code>	$\varinjlim$	<code>\varinjlim</code>	$\varinjlim$	<code>\varlimsup</code>
<code>\projlim</code>	<code>\projlim</code>	$\varprojlim$	<code>\varprojlim</code>	$\varprojlim$	<code>\varprojlim</code>

Load the `amsmath` package to get these symbols. See Section 7.3 for some additional comments regarding log-like symbols. As `\mod` and `\pod` are arguably not symbols we refer the reader to the Short Math Guide for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X [Dow00] for samples.

TABLE 81: Greek Letters

$\alpha$	<code>\alpha</code>	$\theta$	<code>\theta</code>	$o$	<code>o</code>	$\tau$	<code>\tau</code>
$\beta$	<code>\beta</code>	$\vartheta$	<code>\vartheta</code>	$\pi$	<code>\pi</code>	$v$	<code>\upsilon</code>
$\gamma$	<code>\gamma</code>	$\iota$	<code>\iota</code>	$\varpi$	<code>\varpi</code>	$\phi$	<code>\phi</code>
$\delta$	<code>\delta</code>	$\kappa$	<code>\kappa</code>	$\rho$	<code>\rho</code>	$\varphi$	<code>\varphi</code>
$\epsilon$	<code>\epsilon</code>	$\lambda$	<code>\lambda</code>	$\varrho$	<code>\varrho</code>	$\chi$	<code>\chi</code>
$\varepsilon$	<code>\varepsilon</code>	$\mu$	<code>\mu</code>	$\sigma$	<code>\sigma</code>	$\psi$	<code>\psi</code>
$\zeta$	<code>\zeta</code>	$\nu$	<code>\nu</code>	$\varsigma$	<code>\varsigma</code>	$\omega$	<code>\omega</code>
$\eta$	<code>\eta</code>	$\xi$	<code>\xi</code>				
$\Gamma$	<code>\Gamma</code>	$\Lambda$	<code>\Lambda</code>	$\Sigma$	<code>\Sigma</code>	$\Psi$	<code>\Psi</code>
$\Delta$	<code>\Delta</code>	$\Xi$	<code>\Xi</code>	$\Upsilon$	<code>\Upsilon</code>	$\Omega$	<code>\Omega</code>
$\Theta$	<code>\Theta</code>	$\Pi$	<code>\Pi</code>	$\Phi$	<code>\Phi</code>		

The remaining Greek majuscules can be produced with ordinary Latin letters. The symbol “M”, for instance, is used for both an uppercase “m” and an uppercase “ $\mu$ ”.

TABLE 82:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Greek Letters

<code>F</code>	<code>\digamma</code>	$\kappa$	<code>\varkappa</code>
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<sup>1</sup>Michael J. Downes prefers the more general term, “atomic math objects”.

TABLE 83: txfonts/pxfonts Upright Greek Letters

$\alpha$	<code>\alphaup</code>	$\theta$	<code>\thetaaup</code>	$\pi$	<code>\piup</code>	$\phi$	<code>\phiup</code>
$\beta$	<code>\betaaup</code>	$\vartheta$	<code>\varthetaaup</code>	$\varpi$	<code>\varpiup</code>	$\varphi$	<code>\varphiup</code>
$\gamma$	<code>\gammaaup</code>	$\iota$	<code>\iotaaup</code>	$\rho$	<code>\rhoup</code>	$\chi$	<code>\chiup</code>
$\delta$	<code>\deltaaup</code>	$\kappa$	<code>\kappaaup</code>	$\varrho$	<code>\varrhoup</code>	$\psi$	<code>\psiup</code>
$\epsilon$	<code>\epsilonaup</code>	$\lambda$	<code>\lambdaaup</code>	$\sigma$	<code>\sigmaaup</code>	$\omega$	<code>\omegaaup</code>
$\varepsilon$	<code>\varepsilonup</code>	$\mu$	<code>\muup</code>	$\varsigma$	<code>\varsigmaup</code>		
$\zeta$	<code>\zetaaup</code>	$\nu$	<code>\nuup</code>	$\tau$	<code>\tauaup</code>		
$\eta$	<code>\etaaup</code>	$\xi$	<code>\xiup</code>	$\upsilon$	<code>\upsilonup</code>		

TABLE 84: txfonts/pxfonts Variant Latin Letters

$g$	<code>\varg</code>	$v$	<code>\varv</code>	$w$	<code>\varw</code>	$y$	<code>\vary</code>
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Pass the `varg` option to txfonts/pxfonts to replace  $g$ ,  $v$ ,  $w$ , and  $y$  with  $g$ ,  $v$ ,  $w$ , and  $y$  in every mathematical expression in your document.

TABLE 85:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Hebrew Letters

$\beth$	<code>\beth</code>	$\gimel$	<code>\gimel</code>	$\daleth$	<code>\daleth</code>
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`\aleph` appears in Table 109 on page 36.

TABLE 86: Letter-like Symbols

$\perp$	<code>\bot</code>	$\forall$	<code>\forall</code>	$\imath$	<code>\imath</code>	$\ni$	<code>\ni</code>	$\top$	<code>\top</code>
$\ell$	<code>\ell</code>	$\hbar$	<code>\hbar</code>	$\in$	<code>\in</code>	$\partial$	<code>\partial</code>	$\wp$	<code>\wp</code>
$\exists$	<code>\exists</code>	$\Im$	<code>\Im</code>	$\jmath$	<code>\jmath</code>	$\Re$	<code>\Re</code>		

TABLE 87:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Letter-like Symbols

$\mathbb{k}$	<code>\Bbbk</code>	$\mathbb{C}$	<code>\complement</code>	$\hbar$	<code>\hbar</code>
$\mathbb{R}$	<code>\circledR</code>	$\mathbb{F}$	<code>\Finv</code>	$\hbar$	<code>\hslash</code>
$\mathbb{S}$	<code>\circledS</code>	$\mathbb{G}$	<code>\Game</code>	$\nexists$	<code>\nexists</code>

TABLE 88: txfonts/pxfonts Letter-like Symbols

$\mathfrak{c}$	<code>\mathcent</code>	$\mathfrak{£}$	<code>\mathsterling</code>	$\notin$	<code>\notin</code>	$\not\equiv$	<code>\notni</code>
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TABLE 89: mathabx Letter-like Symbols

$\bar{\epsilon}$	<code>\barin</code>	$\in$	<code>\in</code>	$\nexists$	<code>\nottop</code>	$\notin$	<code>\varnotin</code>
$\complement$	<code>\complement</code>	$\nexists$	<code>\nexists</code>	$\owns$	<code>\owns</code>	$\owns$	<code>\varnotowner</code>
$\exists$	<code>\exists</code>	$\not\bot$	<code>\notbot</code>	$\ownsbar$	<code>\ownsbar</code>		
$\Finv$	<code>\Finv</code>	$\notin$	<code>\notin</code>	$\partial$	<code>\partial</code>		
$\Game$	<code>\Game</code>	$\not\owns$	<code>\notowner</code>	$\partial\prime$	<code>\partialslash</code>		

TABLE 90:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Delimiters

$\ulcorner$	<code>\ulcorner</code>	$\urcorner$	<code>\urcorner</code>
$\llcorner$	<code>\llcorner</code>	$\lrcorner$	<code>\lrcorner</code>

TABLE 91: stmaryrd Delimiters

$\Lbag$	<code>\Lbag</code>	$\Rbag$	<code>\Rbag</code>	$\lbag$	<code>\lbag</code>	$\rbag$	<code>\rbag</code>
$\llceil$	<code>\llceil</code>	$\rrceil$	<code>\rrceil</code>	$\llfloor$	<code>\llfloor</code>	$\rrfloor$	<code>\rrfloor</code>
$\llparenthesis$	<code>\llparenthesis</code>	$\rrparenthesis$	<code>\rrparenthesis</code>				

TABLE 92: mathabx Delimiters

$\lrcorner$	<code>\lrcorner</code>	$\rcorner$	<code>\rcorner</code>
$\ulcorner$	<code>\ulcorner</code>	$\urcorner$	<code>\urcorner</code>
$\llcorner$	<code>\llcorner</code>	$\lrcorner$	<code>\lrcorner</code>

TABLE 93: Variable-sized Delimiters

$\downarrow$	<code>\downarrow</code>	$\Downarrow$	<code>\Downarrow</code>	$[$	<code>[</code>	$[$	<code>[</code>	$]$	<code>]</code>	$]$	<code>]</code>
$\langle$	<code>\langle</code>	$\rangle$	<code>\rangle</code>	$ $	<code> </code>	$ ^*$	<code> *</code>	$\ $	<code>\ </code>	$\ $	<code>\ </code>
$\lceil$	<code>\lceil</code>	$\rceil$	<code>\rceil</code>	$\uparrow$	<code>\uparrow</code>	$\uparrow$	<code>\uparrow</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\Uparrow</code>	$\Uparrow$	<code>\Uparrow</code>
$\lfloor$	<code>\lfloor</code>	$\rfloor$	<code>\rfloor</code>	$\updownarrow$	<code>\updownarrow</code>	$\updownarrow$	<code>\updownarrow</code>	$\Updownarrow$	<code>\Updownarrow</code>	$\Updownarrow$	<code>\Updownarrow</code>
$($	<code>(</code>	$)$	<code>)</code>	$\{$	<code>\{</code>	$\{$	<code>\{</code>	$\}$	<code>\}</code>	$\}$	<code>\}</code>
$/$	<code>/</code>	$\backslash$	<code>\backslash</code>								

When used with `\left` and `\right`, these symbols expand to the height of the enclosed math expression. Note that `\vert` is a synonym for `|`, and `\Vert` is a synonym for `\|`.

\* e-TeX provides a `\middle` analogue to `\left` and `\right` that can be used to make an internal “|” expand to the height of the surrounding `\left` and `\right` symbols. A similar effect can be achieved in conventional L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X using the `bracket` package.



TABLE 94: Large, Variable-Sized Delimiters

$\int$	$\int$	<code>\lmoustache</code>	$\left($	$\right)$	<code>\rmoustache</code>	$\left($	$\left($	<code>\lgroup</code>	$\right)$	$\right)$	<code>\rgroup</code>
$ $	$ $	<code>\arrowvert</code>	$\parallel$	$\parallel$	<code>\Arrowvert</code>	$ $	$ $	<code>\bracevert</code>			

These symbols *must* be used with `\left` and `\right`. The `mathabx` package, however, redefines `\lgroup` and `\rgroup` so that those symbols can work without `\left` and `\right`.

TABLE 95: Variable-Sized `stmaryrd` Delimiters

$\llbracket$	$\llbracket$	<code>\llbracket</code>	$\rrbracket$	$\rrbracket$	<code>\rrbracket</code>
--------------	--------------	-------------------------	--------------	--------------	-------------------------

TABLE 96: `mathabx` Variable-Sized Delimiters

$\llbracket$	$\llbracket$	<code>\lbbbrack</code>	$\rrbracket$	$\rrbracket$	<code>\rbbbrack</code>
$\left\langle$	$\left\langle$	<code>\lfilet</code>	$\right\rangle$	$\right\rangle$	<code>\rfilet</code>
$ $	$ $	<code>\thickvert</code>	$\parallel$	$\parallel$	<code>\vvvert</code>

TABLE 97: `textcomp` Text-Mode Delimiters

$\langle$	<code>\textlangle</code>	$\rangle$	<code>\textrangle</code>
$\llbracket$	<code>\textlbrackdbl</code>	$\rrbracket$	<code>\textrbrackdbl</code>
$\{$	<code>\textlquill</code>	$\}$	<code>\textrquill</code>

TABLE 98: Math-Mode Accents

$\acute{a}$	<code>\acute{a}</code>	$\check{a}$	<code>\check{a}</code>	$\grave{a}$	<code>\grave{a}</code>	$\tilde{a}$	<code>\tilde{a}</code>
$\bar{a}$	<code>\bar{a}</code>	$\ddot{a}$	<code>\ddot{a}</code>	$\hat{a}$	<code>\hat{a}</code>	$\vec{a}$	<code>\vec{a}</code>
$\breve{a}$	<code>\breve{a}</code>	$\dot{a}$	<code>\dot{a}</code>	$\mathring{a}$	<code>\mathring{a}</code>		

Also note the existence of `\imath` and `\jmath`, which produce dotless versions of “*i*” and “*j*”. (See Table 109 on page 36.) These are useful when the accent is supposed to replace the dot. For example, “`\hat{\imath}`” produces a correct “*î*”, while “`\hat{i}`” would yield the rather odd-looking “*î*”.

TABLE 99:  $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{S}$  Math-Mode Accents

$\ddot{a}$  `\ddot{a}`  $\dddot{a}$  `\dddot{a}`

These accents are also provided by the `mathabx` package.

TABLE 100: `yhmath` Math-Mode Accents

$\mathring{a}$  `\ring{a}`

This symbol is largely obsolete, as standard  $\text{\LaTeX} 2_{\epsilon}$  has supported `\mathring` since June, 1998 [LAT98].

TABLE 101: Extensible Accents

$\widetilde{abc}$	<code>\widetilde{abc}</code> *	$\widehat{abc}$	<code>\widehat{abc}</code> *
$\overleftarrow{abc}$	<code>\overleftarrow{abc}</code>	$\overrightarrow{abc}$	<code>\overrightarrow{abc}</code>
$\overline{abc}$	<code>\overline{abc}</code>	$\underline{abc}$	<code>\underline{abc}</code>
$\overbrace{abc}$	<code>\overbrace{abc}</code>	$\underbrace{abc}$	<code>\underbrace{abc}</code>
$\sqrt{abc}$	<code>\sqrt{abc}</code>	$\sqrt[n]{abc}$	<code>\sqrt[n]{abc}</code>

\* Made more extensible by the `yhmath` package.

TABLE 102: `yhmath` Extensible Accents

$\wideparen{abc}$	<code>\wideparen{abc}</code>	$\widetilde{\triangle}abc$	<code>\widetilde{\triangle}abc</code>
$\overset{\circ}{abc}$	<code>\overset{\circ}{abc}</code>		
$\widehat{\text{ring}}{abc}$	<code>\widehat{\text{ring}}{abc}</code>		

TABLE 103:  $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{S}$  Extensible Accents

$\overleftrightarrow{abc}$	<code>\overleftrightarrow{abc}</code>	$\underlineleftarrow{abc}$	<code>\underlineleftarrow{abc}</code>
$\underlineleftarrow{abc}$	<code>\underlineleftarrow{abc}</code>	$\underrightarrow{abc}$	<code>\underrightarrow{abc}</code>

The following are a sort of “reverse accent” in that the argument text serves as a superscript to the arrow. In addition, the optional first argument (not shown) serves as a subscript to the arrow. See the Short Math Guide for  $\text{\LaTeX}$  [Dow00] for further examples.

$\xleftarrow{abc}$	<code>\xleftarrow{abc}</code>	$\xrightarrow{abc}$	<code>\xrightarrow{abc}</code>
--------------------	-------------------------------	---------------------	--------------------------------

TABLE 104: mathabx Extensible Accents

$\overbrace{abc}$	<code>\overbrace{abc}</code>	$\widebar{abc}$	<code>\widebar{abc}</code>
$\overgroup{abc}$	<code>\overgroup{abc}</code>	$\widetilde{abc}$	<code>\widetilde{abc}</code>
$\underbrace{abc}$	<code>\underbrace{abc}</code>	$\wideparen{abc}$	<code>\wideparen{abc}</code>
$\undergroup{abc}$	<code>\undergroup{abc}</code>	$\widehat{\circ}abc$	<code>\widehat{\circ}abc</code>
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vec{abc}</code>		

The braces shown for `\overbrace` and `\underbrace` appear in their minimum size. They can expand arbitrarily wide, however.

TABLE 105: esvect Extensible Accents

$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option a
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option b
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option c
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option d
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option e
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option f
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option g
$\vec{abc}$	<code>\vv{abc}</code> with package option h

`esvect` also defines a `\vv*` macro which is used to typeset arrows over vector variables with subscripts. See the `esvect` documentation for more information.

TABLE 106: Dots

$\cdot$	<code>\cdotp</code>	$:$	<code>\colon*</code>	$\cdot$	<code>\ldotp</code>	$\vdots$	<code>\vdots</code>
$\dots$	<code>\cdots</code>	$\ddots$	<code>\ddots</code>	$\dots$	<code>\ldots</code>		

\* While “:” is valid in math mode, `\colon` uses different surrounding spacing. See Section 7.3 and the Short Math Guide for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X [Dow00] for more information on math-mode spacing.

TABLE 107:  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Dots

$\dots$	<code>\dotsb</code>	$\dots$	<code>\dotsi</code>	$\dots$	<code>\dotso</code>
$\dots$	<code>\dotsc</code>	$\dots$	<code>\dotsm</code>		

The  $\mathcal{AMS}$  dot symbols are named according to their intended usage: `\dotsb` between pairs of binary operators/relations, `\dotsc` between pairs of commas, `\dotsi` between pairs of integrals, `\dotsm` between pairs of multiplication signs, and `\dotso` between other symbol pairs.

TABLE 108: yhmath Dots

$\ddots$	<code>\adots</code>
----------	---------------------

TABLE 109: Miscellaneous  $\text{\LaTeX} 2_{\epsilon}$  Symbols

$\aleph$	<code>\aleph</code>	$\diamond$	<code>\Diamond*</code>	$\infty$	<code>\infty</code>	$'$	<code>\prime</code>
$\sphericalangle$	<code>\angle</code>	$\diamond$	<code>\diamondsuit</code>	$\mho$	<code>\mho*</code>	$\sharp$	<code>\sharp</code>
$\backslash$	<code>\backslash</code>	$\emptyset$	<code>\emptyset</code>	$\nabla$	<code>\nabla</code>	$\spadesuit$	<code>\spadesuit</code>
$\square$	<code>\Box*</code>	$\flat$	<code>\flat</code>	$\natural$	<code>\natural</code>	$\surd$	<code>\surd</code>
$\clubsuit$	<code>\clubsuit</code>	$\heartsuit$	<code>\heartsuit</code>	$\neg$	<code>\neg</code>	$\triangle$	<code>\triangle</code>

\* Not predefined in  $\text{\LaTeX} 2_{\epsilon}$ . Use one of the packages `latexsym`, `amssymb`, `amssymb`, `txfonts`, `pxfonts`, or `wasysym`.

TABLE 110: Miscellaneous  $\mathcal{AMS}$  Symbols

$\sphericalangle$	<code>\angle</code>	$\blacktriangledown$	<code>\blacktriangledown</code>	$\mho$	<code>\mho</code>
$\backprime$	<code>\backprime</code>	$\diagdown$	<code>\diagdown</code>	$\sphericalangle$	<code>\sphericalangle</code>
$\bigstar$	<code>\bigstar</code>	$\diagup$	<code>\diagup</code>	$\square$	<code>\square</code>
$\blacklozenge$	<code>\blacklozenge</code>	$\eth$	<code>\eth</code>	$\blacktriangledown$	<code>\blacktriangledown</code>
$\blacksquare$	<code>\blacksquare</code>	$\lozenge$	<code>\lozenge</code>	$\varnothing$	<code>\varnothing</code>
$\blacktriangle$	<code>\blacktriangle</code>	$\measuredangle$	<code>\measuredangle</code>	$\vartriangle$	<code>\vartriangle</code>

TABLE 111: Miscellaneous `wasysym` Symbols

$\square$	<code>\Box</code>	$\mho$	<code>\mho*</code>	$\therefore$	<code>\wasytherefore</code>
$\diamond$	<code>\Diamond</code>	$\vartriangleleft$	<code>\varangle</code>		

\* `wasysym` also defines an `\agem0` symbol, which is the same glyph as `\mho` but is intended for use in text mode.

TABLE 112: Miscellaneous txfonts/pxfonts Symbols

◆	<code>\Diamondblack</code>	λ	<code>\lambda slash</code>	♥	<code>\varheartsuit</code>
◇	<code>\Diamonddot</code>	♣	<code>\varclubsuit</code>	♠	<code>\varspadesuit</code>
λ	<code>\lambdabar</code>	◆	<code>\vardiamondsuit</code>		

TABLE 113: Miscellaneous mathabx Symbols

◦	<code>\degree</code>	////	<code>\fourth</code>	∠	<code>\measuredangle</code>	//	<code>\second</code>
\	<code>\diagdown</code>	#	<code>\hash</code>	⌘	<code>\pitchfork</code>	∠	<code>\sphericalangle</code>
/	<code>\diagup</code>	∞	<code>\infty</code>	∝	<code>\propto</code>	///	<code>\third</code>
∅	<code>\diameter</code>	λ	<code>\leftthreetimes</code>	λ	<code>\rightthreetimes</code>	#	<code>\varhash</code>

TABLE 114: Miscellaneous textcomp Text-Mode Math Symbols

°	<code>\textdegree</code>	$\frac{1}{2}$	<code>\textonehalf</code>	$\frac{3}{4}$	<code>\textthreequarters</code>
÷	<code>\textdiv</code>	$\frac{1}{4}$	<code>\textonequarter</code>	<sup>3</sup>	<code>\textthreesuperior</code>
/	<code>\textfractionsolidus</code>	<sup>1</sup>	<code>\textonesuperior</code>	×	<code>\texttimes</code>
¬	<code>\textlnot</code>	±	<code>\textpm</code>	<sup>2</sup>	<code>\texttwosuperior</code>
−	<code>\textminus</code>	√	<code>\textsurd</code>		

TABLE 115: mathcomp Math Symbols

°C	<code>\tccentigrade</code>	Ω	<code>\tcohm</code>	‰	<code>\tcpertousand</code>
μ	<code>\tcmu</code>	‰	<code>\tcpertenthousand</code>		

TABLE 116: mathabx Mayan Digits

Ⓜ	<code>\maya{0}</code>	:	<code>\maya{2}</code>	:	<code>\maya{4}</code>
.	<code>\maya{1}</code>	:	<code>\maya{3}</code>		<code>\maya{5}</code>

TABLE 117: marvosym Math Symbols

0	<code>\MVZero</code>	2	<code>\MVTwo</code>	4	<code>\MVFour</code>	6	<code>\MVSix</code>	8	<code>\MVEight</code>
1	<code>\MVOne</code>	3	<code>\MVThree</code>	5	<code>\MVFive</code>	7	<code>\MVSeven</code>	9	<code>\MVNine</code>
∠	<code>\Anglesign</code>	·	<code>\Squaredot</code>	↖	<code>\Vectorarrowhigh</code>				
≅	<code>\Corresponds</code>	↗	<code>\Vectorarrow</code>						

TABLE 118: Math Alphabets

		Required package
$ABCdef123$	<code>\mathrm{ABCdef123}</code>	<i>none</i>
$ABCdef123$	<code>\mathit{ABCdef123}</code>	<i>none</i>
$ABCdef123$	<code>\mathnormal{ABCdef123}</code>	<i>none</i>
$ABC$	<code>\mathcal{ABC}</code>	<i>none</i>
$\mathcal{ABC}$	<code>\mathscr{ABC}</code>	mathrsfs
$ABC$	<code>\mathcal{ABC}</code>	euscript with the <code>mathcal</code> option
	<i>or</i> <code>\mathscr{ABC}</code>	euscript with the <code>mathscr</code> option
$\mathcal{ABCdef123}$	<code>\mathpzc{ABCdef123}</code>	<i>none</i> ; manually defined*
$\mathbb{ABC}$	<code>\mathbb{ABC}</code>	amsmath, amssymb, txfonts, or pxfonts
$\mathbb{ABC}$	<code>\varmathbb{ABC}</code>	txfonts or pxfonts
$\mathbb{ABCdef123}$	<code>\mathbb{ABCdef123}</code>	bbold or mathbbol <sup>†</sup>
$\mathbb{ABCdef12}$	<code>\mathbbm{ABCdef12}</code>	bbm
$\mathbb{ABCdef12}$	<code>\mathbbmss{ABCdef12}</code>	bbm
$\mathbb{ABCdef12}$	<code>\mathbbmtt{ABCdef12}</code>	bbm
$\mathbb{ABC1}$	<code>\mathds{ABC1}</code>	dsfont
$\mathbb{ABC1}$	<code>\mathds{ABC1}</code>	dsfont with the <code>sans</code> option
$\mathfrak{ABCdef123}$	<code>\mathfrak{ABCdef123}</code>	eufrak
$\mathfrak{ABCdef123}$	<code>\textfrak{ABCdef123}</code>	yfonts
$\mathfrak{ABCdef123}$	<code>\textswab{ABCdef123}</code>	yfonts

\* Put “`\DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathpzc}{OT1}{pzc}{m}{it}`” in your document’s preamble to make `\mathpzc` typeset its argument in Zapf Chancery.

<sup>†</sup> The `mathbbol` package defines some additional blackboard bold characters: parentheses, square brackets, angle brackets, and—if the `bbgreek` option is passed to `mathbbol`—Greek letters. For instance, “ $\llbracket (\alpha\beta\gamma) \rrbracket$ ” is produced by “`\mathbb{\Langle\lbracket\lparen\bbalpha\bbbeta\bbgamma\rparen\rbracket\Rangle}`”.

## 4 Science and technology symbols

This section lists symbols that are employed in various branches of science and engineering (and, because we were extremely liberal in our classification, astrology, too).

TABLE 119: wasysym Electrical and Physical Symbols

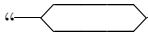

$\sim$  `\AC`    $\approx$  `\VHF`    $\sim\sim\sim$  `\photon`    $\approx$  `\HF`    $\text{\textcircled{000000}}$  `\gluon`

TABLE 120: ifsym Pulse Diagram Symbols

$\lrcorner$  `\FallingEdge`    $\llcorner$  `\LongPulseLow`    $\lrcorner$  `\PulseLow`    $\llcorner$  `\ShortPulseHigh`  
 $\llcorner$  `\LongPulseHigh`    $\lrcorner$  `\PulseHigh`    $\lrcorner$  `\RaisingEdge`    $\lrcorner$  `\ShortPulseLow`

In addition, within `\textifsym{...}`, the following codes are valid:

$\_$  l    $\_$  m    $\_$  h    $\_$  d    $\_$  <    $\_$  <    $\_$  >    $\_$  >  
 $\_$  L    $\_$  M    $\_$  H    $\_$  D    $\_$  <<    $\_$  <<    $\_$  >>    $\_$  >>

This enables one to write “`\textifsym{mm<DDD>mm}`” to get “” or “`\textifsym{L|H|L|H|L}`” to get “.

Finally, `\textifsym` supports the display of segmented digits, as would appear on an LCD: “`\textifsym{-123.456}`” produces “- 123.456”. “`\textifsym{b}`” outputs a blank with the same width as an “8”.

TABLE 121: ar Aspect Ratio Symbol

$\mathcal{R}$  `\AR`

TABLE 122: textcomp Text-Mode Science and Engineering Symbols

$^{\circ}\text{C}$  `\textcelsius`    $\text{\textcircled{U}}$  `\textmho`    $\mu$  `\textmu`    $\Omega$  `\textohm`

TABLE 123: wasysym Astronomical Symbols

$\Omega$  `\ascnode`   ♃ `\jupiter`   ● `\newmoon`   ♀ `\venus`  
 $\odot$  `\astrosun`   ☾ `\leftmoon`   ♃ `\pluto`   ♈ `\vernal`  
 $\oslash$  `\descnode`   ♂ `\mars`   ☽ `\rightmoon`  
 $\oplus$  `\earth`   ☿ `\mercury`   ♄ `\saturn`  
 $\bigcirc$  `\fullmoon`   ♆ `\neptune`   ♅ `\uranus`

TABLE 124: marvosym Astronomical Symbols

☿	<code>\Mercury</code>	♂	<code>\Mars</code>	♅	<code>\Uranus</code>	☼	<code>\Sun</code>
♀	<code>\Venus</code>	♃	<code>\Jupiter</code>	♆	<code>\Neptune</code>	☾	<code>\Moon</code>
♁	<code>\Earth</code>	♄	<code>\Saturn</code>	♇	<code>\Pluto</code>		

TABLE 125: mathabx Astronomical Symbols

☿	<code>\Mercury</code>	♁	<code>\Earth</code>	♃	<code>\Jupiter</code>	♅	<code>\Uranus</code>	♇	<code>\Pluto</code>
♀	<code>\Venus</code>	♂	<code>\Mars</code>	♄	<code>\Saturn</code>	♆	<code>\Neptune</code>		
☉	<code>\fullmoon</code>	☾	<code>\leftmoon</code>	●	<code>\newmoon</code>	☽	<code>\rightmoon</code>		
☼	<code>\Sun</code>	♁	<code>\varEarth</code>						

mathabx also defines `\girl` as an alias for `\Venus`, `\boy` as an alias for `\Mars`, and `\Moon` as an alias for `\leftmoon`.

TABLE 126: wasysym Astrological Symbols

♈	<code>\aries</code>	♋	<code>\cancer</code>	♎	<code>\libra</code>	♏	<code>\capricornus</code>
♉	<code>\taurus</code>	♌	<code>\leo</code>	♏	<code>\scorpio</code>	♐	<code>\aquarius</code>
♊	<code>\gemini</code>	♍	<code>\virgo</code>	♐	<code>\sagittarius</code>	♑	<code>\pisces</code>
		♌	<code>\conjunction</code>	♏	<code>\opposition</code>		

TABLE 127: marvosym Astrological Symbols

♈	<code>\Aries</code>	♋	<code>\Cancer</code>	♎	<code>\Libra</code>	♏	<code>\Capricorn</code>
♉	<code>\Taurus</code>	♌	<code>\Leo</code>	♏	<code>\Scorpio</code>	♐	<code>\Aquarius</code>
♊	<code>\Gemini</code>	♍	<code>\Virgo</code>	♐	<code>\Sagittarius</code>	♑	<code>\Pisces</code>

Note that `\Aries... \Pisces` can also be specified with `\Zodiac{1}... \Zodiac{12}`.

TABLE 128: mathabx Astrological Symbols

♈	<code>\Aries</code>	♉	<code>\Taurus</code>	♊	<code>\Gemini</code>
---	---------------------	---	----------------------	---	----------------------

TABLE 129: wasysym APL Symbols

☐	<code>\APLbox</code>	☐	<code>\APLinv</code>	*	<code>\APLstar</code>
Ⓜ	<code>\APLcomment</code>	☐	<code>\APLleftarrowbox</code>	△	<code>\APLup</code>
▽	<code>\APLdown</code>	⊗	<code>\APLlog</code>	⬆	<code>\APLuparrowbox</code>
⬇	<code>\APLdownarrowbox</code>	−	<code>\APLminus</code>	↖	<code>\notbackslash</code>
⬅	<code>\APLinput</code>	☐	<code>\APLrightarrowbox</code>	↗	<code>\notslash</code>



TABLE 130: wasysym APL Modifiers

◦ \APLcirc{}    ~ \APLnot{}    | \APLvert{}

TABLE 131: marvosym Computer Hardware Symbols







 \ComputerMouse     \ParallelPort     \SerialInterface  
 \Keyboard     \Printer     \SerialPort

TABLE 132: ascii Control Characters (IBM)

☉	\SOH	•	\BEL	␣	\CR	⋮	\DCc	↓	\EM	▼	\US
⊕	\STX	■	\BS	␣	\SO	⋮	\DCd	→	\SUB		\splitvert
♥	\ETX	○	\HT	⊛	\SI	§	\NAK	←	\ESC	△	\DEL
♦	\EOT	◻	\LF	▶	\DLE	—	\SYN	⌞	\FS		
♣	\ENQ	♂	\VT	◀	\DCa	‡	\ETB	↔	\GS		
♠	\ACK	♀	\FF	‡	\DCb	↑	\CAN	▲	\RS		

SOH, STX, ETX, ..., US are the names of ASCII characters 1–31. DEL is the name of ASCII character 127. \splitvert doesn't correspond to a control character but is merely the “|” character shown IBM style.

These characters must be entered with the `ascii` font in effect, for example, “{\ascii\STX}”. See the `ascii` package documentation for more information.

TABLE 133: marvosym Communication Symbols















 \Email     \fax     \Faxmachine     \Lightning     \Pickup  
 \Emailct     \FAX     \Letter     \Mobilefone     \Telefon

TABLE 134: marvosym Engineering Symbols

 \Beam	↓	\Force	●	\Octosteel	I	\RoundedTsteel	
 \Bearing	●	\Hexasteel	□	\Rectpipe	□	\Squarepipe	
○	\Circpipe	↺	\Lefttorque	■	\Rectsteel	■	\Squaresteel
●	\Circsteel	⇄	\Lineload	↻	\Righttorque	T	\Tsteel
 \Fixedbearing	 \Loosebearing	T	\RoundedLsteel*	I	\Tsteel		
—	\Flatsteel	L	\Lsteel	L	\RoundedTsteel*		

\* \RoundedLsteel and \RoundedTsteel seem to be swapped, at least in the 2000/05/01 version of marvosym.

TABLE 135: wasysym Biological Symbols

♀ \female    ♂ \male

TABLE 136: marvosym Biological Symbols

♀	\Female	♀♂	\FemaleMale	♂	\MALE	○	\Neutral
♀	\FEMALE	♀	\Hermaphrodite	♂	\Male		
♀♀	\FemaleFemale	♀	\HERMAPHRODITE	♂♂	\MaleMale		

TABLE 137: marvosym Safety-Related Symbols

☣	\Biohazard	Ⓒ	\CEsign	☢	\Explosionsafe	☸	\Radioactivity
☞	\BSEfree	⚡	\Estatically	☞	\Laserbeam	⊘	\Stopsign

## 5 Dingbats

Dingbats are symbols such as stars, arrows, and geometric shapes. They are commonly used as bullets in itemized lists or, more generally, as a means to draw attention to the text that follows.

The `pifont` dingbat package warrants special mention. Among other capabilities, `pifont` provides a  $\LaTeX$  interface to the Zapf Dingbats font (one of the standard 35 PostScript fonts). However, rather than name each of the dingbats individually, `pifont` merely provides a single `\ding` command, which outputs the character that lies at a given position in the font. The consequence is that the `pifont` symbols can't be listed by name in this document's index, so be mindful of that fact when searching for a particular symbol.

TABLE 138: `bbding` Arrows






	<code>\ArrowBoldDownRight</code>		<code>\ArrowBoldRightShort</code>		<code>\ArrowBoldUpRight</code>
	<code>\ArrowBoldRightCircled</code>		<code>\ArrowBoldRightStrobe</code>		

TABLE 139: `pifont` Arrows











































	<code>\ding{212}</code>		<code>\ding{221}</code>		<code>\ding{230}</code>		<code>\ding{239}</code>		<code>\ding{249}</code>
	<code>\ding{213}</code>		<code>\ding{222}</code>		<code>\ding{231}</code>		<code>\ding{241}</code>		<code>\ding{250}</code>
	<code>\ding{214}</code>		<code>\ding{223}</code>		<code>\ding{232}</code>		<code>\ding{242}</code>		<code>\ding{251}</code>
	<code>\ding{215}</code>		<code>\ding{224}</code>		<code>\ding{233}</code>		<code>\ding{243}</code>		<code>\ding{252}</code>
	<code>\ding{216}</code>		<code>\ding{225}</code>		<code>\ding{234}</code>		<code>\ding{244}</code>		<code>\ding{253}</code>
	<code>\ding{217}</code>		<code>\ding{226}</code>		<code>\ding{235}</code>		<code>\ding{245}</code>		<code>\ding{254}</code>
	<code>\ding{218}</code>		<code>\ding{227}</code>		<code>\ding{236}</code>		<code>\ding{246}</code>		
	<code>\ding{219}</code>		<code>\ding{228}</code>		<code>\ding{237}</code>		<code>\ding{247}</code>		
	<code>\ding{220}</code>		<code>\ding{229}</code>		<code>\ding{238}</code>		<code>\ding{248}</code>		

TABLE 140: `marvosym` Scissors







	<code>\Cutleft</code>		<code>\Cutright</code>		<code>\Leftscissors</code>
	<code>\Cutline</code>		<code>\Kutline</code>		<code>\Rightscissors</code>

TABLE 141: `bbding` Scissors









	<code>\ScissorHollowLeft</code>		<code>\ScissorLeftBrokenTop</code>
	<code>\ScissorHollowRight</code>		<code>\ScissorRight</code>
	<code>\ScissorLeft</code>		<code>\ScissorRightBrokenBottom</code>
	<code>\ScissorLeftBrokenBottom</code>		<code>\ScissorRightBrokenTop</code>

TABLE 142: `pifont` Scissors

	<code>\ding{33}</code>		<code>\ding{34}</code>		<code>\ding{35}</code>		<code>\ding{36}</code>
---	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------

TABLE 143: dingbat Pencils


	<code>\largepencil</code>		<code>\smallpencil</code>
---	---------------------------	---	---------------------------

TABLE 144: bbding Pencils and Nibs











	<code>\NibLeft</code>		<code>\PencilLeft</code>		<code>\PencilRightDown</code>
	<code>\NibRight</code>		<code>\PencilLeftDown</code>		<code>\PencilRightUp</code>
	<code>\NibSolidLeft</code>		<code>\PencilLeftUp</code>		
	<code>\NibSolidRight</code>		<code>\PencilRight</code>		

TABLE 145: pifont Pencils and Nibs





	<code>\ding{46}</code>	<code>=</code>	<code>\ding{47}</code>		<code>\ding{48}</code>		<code>\ding{49}</code>		<code>\ding{50}</code>
---	------------------------	----------------	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------

TABLE 146: dingbat Hands








	<code>\leftpointright</code>		<code>\rightpointleft</code>		<code>\rightpointright</code>
	<code>\leftthumbsdown</code>		<code>\rightthumbsdown</code>		
	<code>\leftthumbsup</code>		<code>\rightthumbsup</code>		

TABLE 147: bbding Hands










	<code>\HandCuffLeft</code>		<code>\HandCuffRightUp</code>		<code>\HandPencilLeft</code>
	<code>\HandCuffLeftUp</code>		<code>\HandLeft</code>		<code>\HandRight</code>
	<code>\HandCuffRight</code>		<code>\HandLeftUp</code>		<code>\HandRightUp</code>

TABLE 148: pifont Hands





	<code>\ding{42}</code>		<code>\ding{43}</code>		<code>\ding{44}</code>		<code>\ding{45}</code>
---	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------

TABLE 149: bbding Crosses and Plusses











	<code>\Cross</code>		<code>\CrossOpenShadow</code>		<code>\PlusOutline</code>
	<code>\CrossBoldOutline</code>		<code>\CrossOutline</code>		<code>\PlusThinCenterOpen</code>
	<code>\CrossClowerTips</code>		<code>\Plus</code>		
	<code>\CrossMaltese</code>		<code>\PlusCenterOpen</code>		

TABLE 150: pifont Crosses and Pluses

⊕	<code>\ding{57}</code>	⊕	<code>\ding{59}</code>	†	<code>\ding{61}</code>	‡	<code>\ding{63}</code>
⊕	<code>\ding{58}</code>	⊕	<code>\ding{60}</code>	†	<code>\ding{62}</code>	‡	<code>\ding{64}</code>

TABLE 151: bbding Xs and Check Marks

✓	<code>\Checkmark</code>	✕	<code>\XSolid</code>	✕	<code>\XSolidBrush</code>
✓	<code>\CheckmarkBold</code>	✕	<code>\XSolidBold</code>		

TABLE 152: pifont Xs and Check Marks

✓	<code>\ding{51}</code>	✕	<code>\ding{53}</code>	✕	<code>\ding{55}</code>
✓	<code>\ding{52}</code>	✕	<code>\ding{54}</code>	✕	<code>\ding{56}</code>

TABLE 153: wasysym Xs and Check Marks

☑	<code>\CheckedBox</code>	☐	<code>\Square</code>	☒	<code>\XBox</code>
---	--------------------------	---	----------------------	---	--------------------

TABLE 154: pifont Circled Numbers

①	<code>\ding{172}</code>	①	<code>\ding{182}</code>	①	<code>\ding{192}</code>	①	<code>\ding{202}</code>
②	<code>\ding{173}</code>	②	<code>\ding{183}</code>	②	<code>\ding{193}</code>	②	<code>\ding{203}</code>
③	<code>\ding{174}</code>	③	<code>\ding{184}</code>	③	<code>\ding{194}</code>	③	<code>\ding{204}</code>
④	<code>\ding{175}</code>	④	<code>\ding{185}</code>	④	<code>\ding{195}</code>	④	<code>\ding{205}</code>
⑤	<code>\ding{176}</code>	⑤	<code>\ding{186}</code>	⑤	<code>\ding{196}</code>	⑤	<code>\ding{206}</code>
⑥	<code>\ding{177}</code>	⑥	<code>\ding{187}</code>	⑥	<code>\ding{197}</code>	⑥	<code>\ding{207}</code>
⑦	<code>\ding{178}</code>	⑦	<code>\ding{188}</code>	⑦	<code>\ding{198}</code>	⑦	<code>\ding{208}</code>
⑧	<code>\ding{179}</code>	⑧	<code>\ding{189}</code>	⑧	<code>\ding{199}</code>	⑧	<code>\ding{209}</code>
⑨	<code>\ding{180}</code>	⑨	<code>\ding{190}</code>	⑨	<code>\ding{200}</code>	⑨	<code>\ding{210}</code>
⑩	<code>\ding{181}</code>	⑩	<code>\ding{191}</code>	⑩	<code>\ding{201}</code>	⑩	<code>\ding{211}</code>

`pifont` (part of the `psnfss` package) provides a `dingautolist` environment which resembles `enumerate` but uses circled numbers as bullets.<sup>2</sup> See the `psnfss` documentation for more information.

TABLE 155: wasysym Stars

☆	<code>\davidstar</code>	✱	<code>\hexstar</code>	✱	<code>\varhexstar</code>
---	-------------------------	---	-----------------------	---	--------------------------

<sup>2</sup>In fact, `dingautolist` can use any set of consecutive Zapf Dingbats symbols.

TABLE 156: bbding Stars, Flowers, and Similar Shapes

















































	<code>\Asterisk</code>		<code>\FiveFlowerPetal</code>		<code>\JackStar</code>
	<code>\AsteriskBold</code>		<code>\FiveStar</code>		<code>\JackStarBold</code>
	<code>\AsteriskCenterOpen</code>		<code>\FiveStarCenterOpen</code>		<code>\SixFlowerAlternate</code>
	<code>\AsteriskRoundedEnds</code>		<code>\FiveStarConvex</code>		<code>\SixFlowerAltPetal</code>
	<code>\AsteriskThin</code>		<code>\FiveStarLines</code>		<code>\SixFlowerOpenCenter</code>
	<code>\AsteriskThinCenterOpen</code>		<code>\FiveStarOpen</code>		<code>\SixFlowerPetalDotted</code>
	<code>\DavidStar</code>		<code>\FiveStarOpenCircled</code>		<code>\SixFlowerPetalRemoved</code>
	<code>\DavidStarSolid</code>		<code>\FiveStarOpenDotted</code>		<code>\SixFlowerRemovedOpenPetal</code>
	<code>\EightAsterisk</code>		<code>\FiveStarOutline</code>		<code>\SixStar</code>
	<code>\EightFlowerPetal</code>		<code>\FiveStarOutlineHeavy</code>		<code>\SixteenStarLight</code>
	<code>\EightFlowerPetalRemoved</code>		<code>\FiveStarShadow</code>		<code>\Snowflake</code>
	<code>\EightStar</code>		<code>\FourAsterisk</code>		<code>\SnowflakeChevron</code>
	<code>\EightStarBold</code>		<code>\FourCflowerOpen</code>		<code>\SnowflakeChevronBold</code>
	<code>\EightStarConvex</code>		<code>\FourCflowerSolid</code>		<code>\Sparkle</code>
	<code>\EightStarTaper</code>		<code>\FourStar</code>		<code>\SparkleBold</code>
	<code>\FiveFlowerOpen</code>		<code>\FourStarOpen</code>		<code>\TwelveStar</code>

TABLE 157: pifont Stars, Flowers, and Similar Shapes

















































































































	<code>\ding{65}</code>		<code>\ding{74}</code>		<code>\ding{83}</code>		<code>\ding{92}</code>		<code>\ding{101}</code>
	<code>\ding{66}</code>		<code>\ding{75}</code>		<code>\ding{84}</code>		<code>\ding{93}</code>		<code>\ding{102}</code>
	<code>\ding{67}</code>		<code>\ding{76}</code>		<code>\ding{85}</code>		<code>\ding{94}</code>		<code>\ding{103}</code>
	<code>\ding{68}</code>		<code>\ding{77}</code>		<code>\ding{86}</code>		<code>\ding{95}</code>		<code>\ding{104}</code>
	<code>\ding{69}</code>		<code>\ding{78}</code>		<code>\ding{87}</code>		<code>\ding{96}</code>		<code>\ding{105}</code>
	<code>\ding{70}</code>		<code>\ding{79}</code>		<code>\ding{88}</code>		<code>\ding{97}</code>		<code>\ding{106}</code>
	<code>\ding{71}</code>		<code>\ding{80}</code>		<code>\ding{89}</code>		<code>\ding{98}</code>		<code>\ding{107}</code>
	<code>\ding{72}</code>		<code>\ding{81}</code>		<code>\ding{90}</code>		<code>\ding{99}</code>		
	<code>\ding{73}</code>		<code>\ding{82}</code>		<code>\ding{91}</code>		<code>\ding{100}</code>		

TABLE 158: wasysym Geometric Shapes

	<code>\hexagon</code>		<code>\octagon</code>		<code>\pentagon</code>		<code>\varhexagon</code>
---	-----------------------	---	-----------------------	---	------------------------	---	--------------------------

TABLE 159: ifsym Geometric Shapes

	<code>\BigCircle</code>		<code>\FilledBigTriangleRight</code>		<code>\SmallCircle</code>
	<code>\BigCross</code>		<code>\FilledBigTriangleUp</code>		<code>\SmallCross</code>
	<code>\BigDiamondshape</code>		<code>\FilledCircle</code>		<code>\SmallDiamondshape</code>
	<code>\BigHBar</code>		<code>\FilledDiamondShadowA</code>		<code>\SmallHBar</code>
	<code>\BigLowerDiamond</code>		<code>\FilledDiamondShadowC</code>		<code>\SmallLowerDiamond</code>
	<code>\BigRightDiamond</code>		<code>\FilledDiamondshape</code>		<code>\SmallRightDiamond</code>
	<code>\BigSquare</code>		<code>\FilledSmallCircle</code>		<code>\SmallSquare</code>
	<code>\BigTriangleDown</code>		<code>\FilledSmallDiamondshape</code>		<code>\SmallTriangleDown</code>
	<code>\BigTriangleLeft</code>		<code>\FilledSmallSquare</code>		<code>\SmallTriangleLeft</code>
	<code>\BigTriangleRight</code>		<code>\FilledSmallTriangleDown</code>		<code>\SmallTriangleRight</code>
	<code>\BigTriangleUp</code>		<code>\FilledSmallTriangleLeft</code>		<code>\SmallTriangleUp</code>
	<code>\BigVBar</code>		<code>\FilledSmallTriangleRight</code>		<code>\SmallVBar</code>
	<code>\Circle</code>		<code>\FilledSmallTriangleUp</code>		<code>\SpinDown</code>
	<code>\Cross</code>		<code>\FilledSquare</code>		<code>\SpinUp</code>
	<code>\DiamondShadowA</code>		<code>\FilledSquareShadowA</code>		<code>\Square</code>
	<code>\DiamondShadowB</code>		<code>\FilledSquareShadowC</code>		<code>\SquareShadowA</code>
	<code>\DiamondShadowC</code>		<code>\FilledTriangleDown</code>		<code>\SquareShadowB</code>
	<code>\Diamondshape</code>		<code>\FilledTriangleLeft</code>		<code>\SquareShadowC</code>
	<code>\FilledBigCircle</code>		<code>\FilledTriangleRight</code>		<code>\TriangleDown</code>
	<code>\FilledBigDiamondshape</code>		<code>\FilledTriangleUp</code>		<code>\TriangleLeft</code>
	<code>\FilledBigSquare</code>		<code>\HBar</code>		<code>\TriangleRight</code>
	<code>\FilledBigTriangleDown</code>		<code>\LowerDiamond</code>		<code>\TriangleUp</code>
	<code>\FilledBigTriangleLeft</code>		<code>\RightDiamond</code>		<code>\VBar</code>



The ifsym documentation points out that one can use `\rlap` to combine some of the above into useful, new symbols. For example, `\BigCircle` and `\FilledSmallCircle` combine to give “”. Likewise, `\Square` and `\Cross` combine to give “”. See Section 7.2 for more information about constructing new symbols out of existing symbols.

TABLE 160: bbding Geometric Shapes

























	<code>\CircleShadow</code>		<code>\Rectangle</code>		<code>\SquareShadowTopLeft</code>
	<code>\CircleSolid</code>		<code>\RectangleBold</code>		<code>\SquareShadowTopRight</code>
	<code>\DiamondSolid</code>		<code>\RectangleThin</code>		<code>\SquareSolid</code>
	<code>\Ellipse</code>		<code>\Square</code>		<code>\TriangleDown</code>
	<code>\EllipseShadow</code>		<code>\SquareCastShadowBottomRight</code>		<code>\TriangleUp</code>
	<code>\EllipseSolid</code>		<code>\SquareCastShadowTopLeft</code>		
	<code>\HalfCircleLeft</code>		<code>\SquareCastShadowTopRight</code>		
	<code>\HalfCircleRight</code>		<code>\SquareShadowBottomRight</code>		

TABLE 161: pifont Geometric Shapes

●	<code>\ding{108}</code>	□	<code>\ding{111}</code>	□	<code>\ding{114}</code>	◆	<code>\ding{117}</code>	┆	<code>\ding{121}</code>
○	<code>\ding{109}</code>	□	<code>\ding{112}</code>	▲	<code>\ding{115}</code>	▶	<code>\ding{119}</code>	■	<code>\ding{122}</code>
■	<code>\ding{110}</code>	□	<code>\ding{113}</code>	▼	<code>\ding{116}</code>		<code>\ding{120}</code>		

TABLE 162: manfnt Dangerous Bend Symbols

	<code>\dbend</code>		<code>\lhdbend</code>		<code>\reversedvideobend</code>
---	---------------------	---	-----------------------	---	---------------------------------

Note that these symbols descend far beneath the baseline. `manfnt` also defines non-descending versions, which it calls, correspondingly, `\textdbend`, `\textlhdbend`, and `\textreversedvideobend`.

TABLE 163: skull Symbols


	<code>\skull</code>
---	---------------------

TABLE 164: Non-Mathematical `mathabx` Symbols

‡	<code>\rip</code>
---	-------------------

TABLE 165: `marvosym` Information Symbols














	<code>\Bicycle</code>		<code>\Football</code>		<code>\Pointinghand</code>
	<code>\Checkedbox</code>		<code>\Gentsroom</code>		<code>\Wheelchair</code>
	<code>\Clocklogo</code>		<code>\Industry</code>		<code>\Writinghand</code>
	<code>\Coffeecup</code>		<code>\Info</code>		
	<code>\Crossedbox</code>		<code>\Ladiesroom</code>		

TABLE 166: Miscellaneous dingbat Dingbats
























	<code>\anchor</code>		<code>\eye</code>		<code>\Sborder</code>
	<code>\carriagereturn</code>		<code>\filledsquarewithdots</code>		<code>\squarewithdots</code>
	<code>\checkmark</code>		<code>\satellitedish</code>		<code>\Zborder</code>

TABLE 167: Miscellaneous `bbding` Dingbats

	<code>\Envelope</code>		<code>\Peace</code>		<code>\PhoneHandset</code>		<code>\SunshineOpenCircled</code>
	<code>\OrnamentDiamondSolid</code>		<code>\Phone</code>		<code>\Plane</code>		<code>\Tape</code>



TABLE 168: Miscellaneous pifont Dingbats

	<code>\ding{37}</code>		<code>\ding{40}</code>		<code>\ding{164}</code>		<code>\ding{167}</code>		<code>\ding{171}</code>
	<code>\ding{38}</code>		<code>\ding{41}</code>		<code>\ding{165}</code>		<code>\ding{168}</code>		<code>\ding{169}</code>
	<code>\ding{39}</code>		<code>\ding{118}</code>		<code>\ding{166}</code>		<code>\ding{170}</code>		

## 6 Other symbols

The following are all the symbols that didn't fit neatly or unambiguously into any of the previous sections. (Do weather symbols belong under "Science and technology"? Should dice be considered "mathematics"?) While some of the tables contain clearly related groups of symbols (e.g., musical notes), others represent motley assortments of whatever the font designer felt like drawing.

TABLE 169: textcomp Genealogical Symbols

★	<code>\textborn</code>	⚭	<code>\textdivorced</code>	⚰	<code>\textmarried</code>
†	<code>\textdied</code>	🍃	<code>\textleaf</code>		

TABLE 170: wasysym General Symbols

🗲	<code>\ataribox</code>	⌚	<code>\clock</code>	◀	<code>\LEFTarrow</code>	☺	<code>\smiley</code>
🔔	<code>\bell</code>	∅	<code>\diameter</code>	⚡	<code>\lightning</code>	☀	<code>\sun</code>
☹	<code>\blacksmiley</code>	▼	<code>\DOWNarrow</code>	☎	<code>\phone</code>	▲	<code>\UParrow</code>
👔	<code>\Bowtie</code>	☹	<code>\frownie</code>	☞	<code>\pointer</code>	⊠	<code>\wasylozenge</code>
!	<code>\brokenvert</code>	⊘	<code>\invdiameter</code>	🎵	<code>\recorder</code>		
✓	<code>\checked</code>	✱	<code>\kreuz</code>	▶	<code>\RIGHTarrow</code>		

TABLE 171: wasysym Musical Notes

♪	<code>\eighthnote</code>	♩	<code>\halfnote</code>	♪	<code>\twonotes</code>	♩	<code>\fullnote</code>	♩	<code>\quarternote</code>
---	--------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	------------------------	---	---------------------------

See also `\flat`, `\sharp`, and `\natural` (Table 109 on page 36).

TABLE 172: wasysym Circles

●	<code>\CIRCLE</code>	◐	<code>\LEFTcircle</code>	◑	<code>\RIGHTcircle</code>	↻	<code>\rightturn</code>
○	<code>\Circle</code>	◒	<code>\Leftcircle</code>	◓	<code>\Rightcircle</code>		
◐	<code>\LEFTCIRCLE</code>	◑	<code>\RIGHTCIRCLE</code>	↻	<code>\leftturn</code>		

TABLE 173: Miscellaneous manfnt Symbols

⊖	<code>\manboldkidney</code>	⊖	<code>\manpenkidney</code>
⊗	<code>\manconcentriccircles</code>	☸	<code>\manquadrifolium</code>
⊠	<code>\manconcentricdiamond</code>	↷	<code>\manquartercircle</code>
◊	<code>\mancone</code>	☸	<code>\manrotatedquadrifolium</code>
⊠	<code>\mancube</code>	↷	<code>\manrotatedquartercircle</code>
↷	<code>\manerrarrow</code>	☆	<code>\manstar</code>
◐	<code>\manfilledquartercircle</code>	↙	<code>\mantilt pennib</code>
—	<code>\manhpennib</code>	▼	<code>\mantriangledown</code>
⊠	<code>\manimpossiblecube</code>	▶	<code>\mantriangleright</code>
⊖	<code>\mankidney</code>	▲	<code>\mantriangleup</code>
⊖	<code>\manlhpenkidney</code>	⌋	<code>\manvpennib</code>

TABLE 174: marvosym Navigation Symbols

▶	<code>\Forward</code>	▼	<code>\MoveDown</code>	◀◀	<code>\RewindToIndex</code>	▲	<code>\ToTop</code>
▶▶	<code>\ForwardToEnd</code>	▲	<code>\MoveUp</code>	◀	<code>\RewindToStart</code>		
▶▶▶	<code>\ForwardToIndex</code>	◀	<code>\Rewind</code>	▼	<code>\ToBottom</code>		

TABLE 175: marvosym Laundry Symbols

	<code>\AtForty</code>		<code>\Handwash</code>		<code>\ShortNinetyFive</code>
	<code>\AtNinetyFive</code>		<code>\IroningI</code>		<code>\ShortSixty</code>
	<code>\AtSixty</code>		<code>\IroningII</code>		<code>\ShortThirty</code>
△	<code>\Bleech</code>		<code>\IroningIII</code>		<code>\SpecialForty</code>
Ⓐ	<code>\CleaningA</code>	⊗	<code>\NoBleech</code>	◻	<code>\Tumbler</code>
Ⓕ	<code>\CleaningF</code>	⊗	<code>\NoChemicalCleaning</code>		<code>\WashCotton</code>
Ⓖ	<code>\CleaningFF</code>		<code>\NoIroning</code>		<code>\WashSynthetics</code>
Ⓖ	<code>\CleaningP</code>		<code>\NoTumbler</code>		<code>\WashWool</code>
Ⓖ	<code>\CleaningPP</code>		<code>\ShortFifty</code>		
	<code>\Dontwash</code>		<code>\ShortForty</code>		

TABLE 176: Other marvosym Symbols

†	<code>\Ankh</code>	†	<code>\Cross</code>	♥	<code>\Heart</code>	☺	<code>\Smiley</code>
☛	<code>\Bat</code>	☛	<code>\FHBOlogo</code>	☛	<code>\MartinVogel</code>	☛	<code>\Womanface</code>
☛	<code>\Bouquet</code>	☛	<code>\FHBOLOGO</code>	☛	<code>\Mundus</code>	☛	<code>\Yinyang</code>
☛	<code>\Celtcross</code>	☛	<code>\Frowny</code>	@	<code>\MVAt</code>		
Ⓐ	<code>\CircledA</code>	☛	<code>\FullFHBO</code>	→	<code>\Rightarrow*</code>		

\* Standard L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> defines `\Rightarrow` to display “⇒”, while `marvosym` redefines it to display “→” (or “:” in math mode). This conflict can be problematic for math symbols defined in terms of `\Rightarrow`, such as `\Longlefttrightarrow`, which ends up looking like “⇐:”.

TABLE 177: ifsym Weather Symbols

	<code>\Cloud</code>		<code>\Hail</code>		<code>\Sleet</code>		<code>\WeakRain</code>
	<code>\FilledCloud</code>		<code>\HalfSun</code>		<code>\Snow</code>		<code>\WeakRainCloud</code>
	<code>\FilledRainCloud</code>		<code>\Lightning</code>		<code>\SnowCloud</code>		<code>\FilledSnowCloud</code>
	<code>\FilledSunCloud</code>	●	<code>\NoSun</code>		<code>\Sun</code>		
	<code>\FilledWeakRainCloud</code>		<code>\Rain</code>		<code>\SunCloud</code>		
	<code>\Fog</code>		<code>\RainCloud</code>		<code>\ThinFog</code>		

In addition, `\Thermo{0}... \Thermo{6}` produce thermometers that are between 0/6 and 6/6 full of mercury:

Similarly, `\wind{<sun>}{<angle>}{<strength>}` will draw wind symbols with a given amount of sun (0–4), a given angle (in degrees), and a given strength in km/h (0–100). For example, `\wind{0}{0}{0}` produces “☉<sup>1</sup>”, `\wind{2}{0}{0}` produces “☉<sup>2</sup>”, and `\wind{4}{0}{100}` produces “☉<sup>4</sup>”.

TABLE 178: ifsym Alpine Symbols

























	<code>\SummitSign</code>		<code>\Summit</code>		<code>\SurveySign</code>		<code>\HalfFilledHut</code>
	<code>\StoneMan</code>		<code>\Mountain</code>		<code>\Joch</code>		<code>\VarSummit</code>
	<code>\Hut</code>		<code>\IceMountain</code>		<code>\Flag</code>		
	<code>\FilledHut</code>		<code>\VarMountain</code>		<code>\VarFlag</code>		
	<code>\Village</code>		<code>\VarIceMountain</code>		<code>\Tent</code>		

TABLE 179: ifsym Clocks

	<code>\Interval</code>		<code>\StopWatchStart</code>		<code>\VarClock</code>		<code>\Wecker</code>
	<code>\StopWatchEnd</code>		<code>\Taschenuhr</code>		<code>\VarTaschenuhr</code>		

















ifsym also exports a `\showclock` macro. `\showclock{<hours>}{<minutes>}` outputs a clock displaying the corresponding time. For instance, “`\showclock{5}{40}`” produces . *<hours>* must be an integer from 0 to 11, and *<minutes>* must be an integer multiple of 5 from 0 to 55.

TABLE 180: Other ifsym Symbols

	<code>\FilledSectioningDiamond</code>		<code>\Letter</code>		<code>\Radiation</code>
	<code>\Fire</code>		<code>\PaperLandscape</code>		<code>\SectioningDiamond</code>
	<code>\Irritant</code>		<code>\PaperPortrait</code>		<code>\Telephone</code>
	<code>\StrokeOne</code>		<code>\StrokeThree</code>		<code>\StrokeFive</code>
	<code>\StrokeTwo</code>		<code>\StrokeFour</code>		

In addition, `\Cube{1}.. \Cube{6}` produce dice with the corresponding number of spots:      

## 7 Additional Information

Unlike the previous sections of this document, Section 7 does not contain new symbol tables. Rather, it provides additional help in using the Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List. First, it draws attention to symbol names used by multiple packages. Next, it provides some guidelines for finding symbols and gives some examples regarding how to construct missing symbols out of existing ones. Then, it comments on the spacing surrounding symbols in math mode. After that, it presents an ASCII and Latin 1 quick-reference guide, showing how to enter all of the standard ASCII/Latin 1 symbols in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. And finally, it lists some statistics about this document itself.

### 7.1 Symbol Name Clashes

Unfortunately, a number of symbol names are not unique; they appear in more than one package. Depending on how the symbols are defined in each package, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X will either output an error message or replace an earlier-defined symbol with a later-defined symbol. Table 181 presents a selection of name clashes that appear in this document.

Using multiple symbols with the same name in the same document—or even merely loading conflicting symbol packages—can be tricky, but, as evidenced by the existence of Table 181, not impossible. The general procedure is to load the first package, rename the conflicting symbols, and then load the second package. Examine the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X source for this document (`symbols.tex`)—especially the `\savesymbol` and `\restoresymbol` macros and their subsequent usage—to see one possible way to handle symbol conflicts.

`txfonts` and `pxfonts` redefine a huge number of symbols—essentially, all of the symbols defined by `latexsym`, `textcomp`, the various  $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{S}$  symbol sets, and L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> itself. Similarly, `mathabx` redefines a vast number of math symbols in an attempt to improve their look. The `txfonts`, `pxfonts`, and `mathabx` conflicts are not listed in Table 181 because they are designed to be compatible with the symbols they replace. Table 182 on page 55 illustrates what “compatible” means in this context.

To use the new `txfonts`/`pxfonts` symbols without altering the document’s main font, merely reset the default font families back to their original values after loading one of those packages:

```
\renewcommand\rmdefault{cmr}
\renewcommand\sfdefault{cmss}
\renewcommand\ttdefault{cmtt}
```

### 7.2 Where can I find the symbol for ... ?

If you can’t find some symbol you’re looking for in this document, there are a few possible explanations:

- The symbol isn’t intuitively named. As a few examples, the command to draw dice is “`\Cube`”; a plus sign with a circle around it (“exclusive or” to computer engineers) is “`\oplus`”; and lightning bolts in fonts designed by German speakers may have “blitz” in their names. The moral of the story is to be creative with synonyms when searching the index.
- The symbol is defined by some package that I overlooked (or deemed unimportant). If there’s some symbol package that you think should be included in the Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List, please send me e-mail at the address listed on the title page.
- The symbol isn’t defined in any package whatsoever.

Even in the last case, all is not lost. Sometimes, a symbol exists in a font, but there is no L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X binding for it. For example, the PostScript Symbol font contains a “`␣`” symbol, which may be useful for representing a carriage return, but there is no package for accessing that symbol (as far as I know). To produce an unnamed symbol, you need to switch to the font explicitly with L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub>’s low-level font commands [L<sup>A</sup>T00] and use T<sub>E</sub>X’s primitive `\char` command [Knu86] to request a specific character number in the font.<sup>3</sup>

---

<sup>3</sup>`pifont` defines a convenient `\Pisymbol` command for accessing symbols in PostScript fonts by number. For example, “`\Pisymbol{psy}{191}`” produces “`␣`”.

TABLE 181: Symbol Name Clashes

Symbol	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X 2 <sub>ε</sub>	AMS	stmaryrd	wasysym	mathabx	marvosym	bbding	ifsym	dingbat	wsuipa
<code>\baro</code>			$\phi$							$\theta$
<code>\bigtriangledown</code>	$\nabla$		$\nabla$							
<code>\bigtriangleup</code>	$\triangle$		$\triangle$							
<code>\checkmark</code>		$\checkmark$							$\checkmark$	
<code>\Circle</code>				$\circ$				$\circ$		
<code>\Cross</code>						$\dagger$	$\dagger$	$\times$		
<code>\ggg</code>		$\ggg$			$\gg$			$\boxtimes$		
<code>\Letter</code>						$\boxtimes$		$\boxtimes$		
<code>\lightning</code>			$\lightning$			$\lightning$		$\lightning$		
<code>\Lightning</code>				$\lightning$						
<code>\lll</code>		$\lll$								
<code>\Rightarrow</code>					$\lll$	$\rightarrow$				
<code>\Square</code>				$\square$			$\square$	$\square$		
<code>\Sun</code>					$\odot$	$\odot$		$\odot$	$\odot$	
<code>\Triangledown</code>							$\blacktriangleright$	$\blacktriangleright$		
<code>\Triangleup</code>							$\blacktriangleleft$	$\blacktriangleleft$		

TABLE 182: Example of a Benign Name Clash

Symbol	Default (Computer Modern)	txfonts (Times Roman)
R	$\mathbb{R}$	<b>R</b>
<code>\textrecipe</code>	$\mathbb{R}_{\text{c}}$	<b>R</b>

Symbols that do not exist in any font can sometimes be fabricated out of existing symbols. The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> source file `fontdef.dtx` contains a number of such definitions. For example, `\models` (see Table 40 on page 22) is defined in that file with:

```
\def\models{\mathrel|\joinrel=}
```

where `\mathrel` and `\joinrel` are used to control the horizontal spacing. (See The T<sub>E</sub>Xbook [Knu86] for more information on those commands.)

With some simple pattern-matching, one can easily define a backward `\models` sign (“ $\models$ ”):

```
\def\ismodeledby{=\joinrel\mathrel|}
```

In general, arrows/harpoons, horizontal lines (“ $=$ ”, “ $-$ ”, “`\relbar`”, and “`\Relbar`”), and the various math-extension characters can be combined creatively with miscellaneous other characters to produce a variety of new symbols. Of course, new symbols can be composed from *any* set of existing characters. For instance, L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X defines `\hbar` (“ $\hbar$ ”) as a bar character (`\mathchar'26`) followed by a backspace of 9 math units (`\mkern-9mu`), followed by the letter “h”:

```
\def\hbar{\mathchar'26\mkern-9mu h}
```

We can just as easily define other barred letters:

```
\def\bbar{\mathchar'26\mkern-9mu b}
\def\dbar{\mathchar'26\mkern-12mu d}
```

(The space after the “mu” is optional but is added for clarity.) `\bbar` and `\dbar` define “ $\bar{b}$ ” and “ $\bar{d}$ ”, respectively. Note that `\dbar` requires a greater backward math kern than `\bbar`; a  $-9\mu$  kern would have produced the less-attractive “ $\bar{d}$ ” glyph.

To make composite symbols work properly within subscripts and superscripts, you may need to use T<sub>E</sub>X’s `\mathchoice` primitive. `\mathchoice` evaluates one of four expressions, based on whether the current math style is display, text, script, or scriptscript. (See The T<sub>E</sub>Xbook [Knu86] for a more complete description.) For example, the following L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X code—posted to `comp.text.tex` by Torsten Bronger—composes a sub/superscriptable “ $\top$ ” symbol out of `\top` and `\bot` (“ $\top$ ” and “ $\perp$ ”):

```
\def\topbotatom#1{\hbox{\hbox to Opt{#1\bot$\hss}$#1\top$}}
\newcommand*\topbot{\mathrel{\mathchoice{\topbotatom\displaystyle}
{\topbotatom\textstyle}
{\topbotatom\scriptstyle}
{\topbotatom\scriptscriptstyle}}}
```

The following is another example that uses `\mathchoice` to construct symbols in different math modes. The code defines a principal value integral symbol, which is an integral sign with a line through it.

```
\def\Xint#1{\mathchoice
{\XXint\displaystyle\textstyle{#1}}%
{\XXint\textstyle\scriptstyle{#1}}%
```

```

{\XXint\scriptstyle\scriptscriptstyle{#1}}%
{\XXint\scriptscriptstyle\scriptscriptstyle{#1}}%
\!\int}
\def\XXint#1#2#3{\setbox0=\hbox{#1{#2#3}{\int}$}
\center{\hbox{#2#3$}}\kern-.5\wd0}}
\def\ddashint{\XXint=}
\def\dashint{\XXint-}

```

`\dashint` produces a single-dashed integral sign (“*f*”), while `\ddashint` produces a double-dashed one (“*f*”). The same technique can be used to produce, for example, clockwise and counterclockwise contour integrals. (Search the `comp.text.tex` archives for a post by Donald Arseneau that says exactly how.) The preceding code was taken verbatim from the UK T<sub>E</sub>X Users’ Group FAQ (<http://www.tex.ac.uk/faq>).

Sometimes, however, `amstext`’s `\text` macro is all that is necessary to make composite symbols appear correctly in subscripts and superscripts, as in the following definitions of `\neswarrow` (“↙”) and `\nwsearrow` (“↘”):<sup>4</sup>

```

\newcommand{\neswarrow}{\mathrel{\text{\$ \nearrow$ \llap{\$ \swarrow$}}}
\newcommand{\nwsearrow}{\mathrel{\text{\$ \nwarrow$ \llap{\$ \searrow$}}}

```

`\text` resembles L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X’s `\mbox` command but shrinks its argument appropriately when used within a subscript or superscript. `\llap` (“left overlap”) and its counterpart, `\rlap` (“right overlap”), appear frequently when creating composite characters. `\llap` outputs its argument to the left of the current position, overlapping whatever text is already there. Similarly, `\rlap` overlaps whatever text would normally appear to the right of its argument. For example, “`A\llap{B}`” and “`\rlap{A}B`” each produce “**B**”. However, the result of the former is the width of “A”, and the result of the latter is the width of “B”—`\llap{...}` and `\rlap{...}` take up zero space.

As another example, `fontdef.dtx` composes the `\ddots` symbol (see Table 106 on page 35) out of three periods, raised 7 pt., 4 pt., and 1 pt., respectively:

```

\def\ddots{\mathinner{\mkern1mu\raise7\p@
\vbox{\kern7\p@\hbox{.}}\mkern2mu
\raise4\p@\hbox{.}\mkern2mu\raise\p@\hbox{.}\mkern1mu}}

```

`\p@` is a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> shortcut for “pt” or “1.0pt”. The remaining commands are defined in *The T<sub>E</sub>Xbook* [Knu86]. To draw a version of `\ddots` with the dots going along the opposite diagonal, we merely have to reorder the `\raise7\p@`, `\raise4\p@`, and `\raise\p@`:

```

\makeatletter
\def\revddots{\mathinner{\mkern1mu\raise\p@
\vbox{\kern7\p@\hbox{.}}\mkern2mu
\raise4\p@\hbox{.}\mkern2mu\raise7\p@\hbox{.}\mkern1mu}}
\makeatother

```

(The `\makeatletter` and `\makeatother` commands are needed to coerce L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X into accepting “@” as part of a macro name.) `\revddots` is essentially identical to the `yhmath` package’s `\adots` command.

A more complex example of composing new symbols from existing symbols is the following definition of extensible `\overbracket`, `\underbracket`, `\overparenthesis`, and `\underparenthesis` symbols, taken from a `comp.text.tex` post by Donald Arseneau:

```

\makeatletter
\def\overbracket#1{\mathop{\vbox{\ialign{##\crr\noalign{\kern3\p@}
\downbracketfill\crr\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
$\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crr}}\limits}
\def\underbracket#1{\mathop{\vtop{\ialign{##\crr
$\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crr\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
\upbracketfill\crr\noalign{\kern3\p@}}}\limits}

```

<sup>4</sup>Note that if your goal is to typeset commutative diagrams, then you probably want to use X<sub>y</sub>-pic.



```

\def\overparenthesis#1{\mathop{\vbox{\ialign{##\crrc\noalign{\kern3\p@}
\downparenthfill\crrc\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
$\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crrc}}}\limits}
\def\underparenthesis#1{\mathop{\vtop{\ialign{##\crrc
$\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crrc\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
\upparenthfill\crrc\noalign{\kern3\p@}}}\limits}
\def\downparenthfill{$\m@th\braced\leaders\vrule\hfill\bracerd$}
\def\upparenthfill{$\m@th\bracelu\leaders\vrule\hfill\braceru$}
\def\upbracketfill{$\m@th\makesm@sh{\llap{\vrule\@height3\p@\@width.7\p@}}%
\leaders\vrule\@height.7\p@\hfill
\makesm@sh{\rlap{\vrule\@height3\p@\@width.7\p@}}}$}
\def\downbracketfill{$\m@th
\makesm@sh{\llap{\vrule\@height.7\p@\@depth2.3\p@\@width.7\p@}}%
\leaders\vrule\@height.7\p@\hfill
\makesm@sh{\rlap{\vrule\@height.7\p@\@depth2.3\p@\@width.7\p@}}}$}
\makeatother

```

Table 183 showcases these accents. The  $\text{\TeX}$ book [Knu86] or another book on  $\text{\TeX}$  primitives is indispensable for understanding how the preceding code works. The basic idea is that `\downparenthfill`, `\upparenthfill`, `\downbracketfill`, and `\upbracketfill` do all of the work; they output a left symbol (e.g., `\braced` [`“`”] for `\downparenthfill`), a horizontal rule that stretches as wide as possible, and a right symbol (e.g., `\bracerd` [`”`”] for `\downparenthfill`). `\overbracket`, `\underbracket`, `\overparenthesis`, and `\underparenthesis` merely create a table whose width is determined by the given text, thereby constraining the width of the horizontal rules.

TABLE 183: Manually Composed Extensible Accents

$\overline{abc}$	<code>\overbracket{abc}</code>	$\overparen{abc}$	<code>\overparenthesis{abc}</code>
$\underline{abc}$	<code>\underbracket{abc}</code>	$\underparen{abc}$	<code>\underparenthesis{abc}</code>

Accents are a special case of combining existing symbols to make new symbols. While various tables in this document show how to add an accent to an existing symbol, some applications, such as transliterations from non-Latin alphabets, require *multiple* accents per character. For instance, the creator of  $\text{\pdfTeX}$  writes his name as “Hàn Thේ Thành”. The `wsuipa` package defines `\diatop` and `\diaunder` macros for putting one or more diacritics or accents above or below a given character. For example, `\diaunder[\diatop[\ | \ =]]|\textsubdot{r}` produces “ $\dot{\text{r}}$ ”. See the `wsuipa` documentation for more information.

The `accents` package facilitates the fabrication of accents in math mode. Its `\accentset` command enables *any* character to be used as an accent. For instance, `\accentset{\star}{f}` produces “ $f^*$ ” and `\accentset{e}{X}` produces “ $\overset{e}{X}$ ”. `\underaccent` does the same thing, but places the accent beneath the character. This enables constructs like `\underaccent{\tilde}{V}`, which produces “ $\underset{\sim}{V}$ ”. `accents` provides other accent-related features as well; see the documentation for more information.

### 7.3 Math-mode spacing

Terms such as “binary operators”, “relations”, and “punctuation” in Section 3 primarily regard the surrounding spacing. (See the Short Math Guide for  $\text{\LaTeX}$  [Dow00] for a nice exposition on the subject.) To use an symbol for a different purpose, you can use the  $\text{\TeX}$  commands `\mathord`, `\mathop`, `\mathbin`, `\mathrel`, `\mathopen`, `\mathclose`, and `\mathpunct`. For example, if you want to use `\downarrow` as a variable (an “ordinary” symbol) instead of a delimiter, you can write “ $\$3 x + \mathord{\downarrow}\$$ ” to get the properly spaced “ $3x + \downarrow$ ” rather than the awkward-looking “ $3x + \downarrow$ ”. See The  $\text{\TeX}$ book [Knu86] for more information.

The purpose of the “log-like symbols” in Tables 79 and 80 is to provide the correct amount of spacing around and within multiletter function names. Table 184 on the next page contrasts the output of the log-like symbols

with various, naïve alternatives. In addition to spacing, the log-like symbols also handle subscripts properly. For example, “`\max_{p \in P}`” produces “ $\max_{p \in P}$ ” in text, but “ $\max$ ” as part of a displayed formula.

TABLE 184: Spacing Around/Within Log-like Symbols

L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X expression	Output
<code>\$r \sin \theta\$</code>	$r \sin \theta$ (best)
<code>\$r sin \theta\$</code>	$rsin\theta$
<code>\$r \mbox{sin} \theta\$</code>	$rsin\theta$

The `amsmath` package makes it straightforward to define new log-like symbols:

```
\DeclareMathOperator{\atan}{atan}
\DeclareMathOperator*{\lcm}{lcm}
```

The difference between `\DeclareMathOperator` and `\DeclareMathOperator*` involves the handling of subscripts. With `\DeclareMathOperator*`, subscripts are written beneath log-like symbols in display style and to the right in text style. This is useful for limit operators (e.g., `\lim`) and functions that tend to map over a set (e.g., `\min`). In contrast, `\DeclareMathOperator` tells T<sub>E</sub>X that subscripts should always be displayed to the right of the operator, as is common for functions that take a single parameter (e.g., `\log` and `\cos`). Table 185 contrasts symbols declared with `\DeclareMathOperator` and `\DeclareMathOperator*` in both text style ( $\dots$ ) and display style ( $\left[ \dots \right]$ ).

TABLE 185: Defining new log-like symbols

Declaration function	<code>\$\$\newlogsym_{p \in P}\$\$</code>	<code>\left[ \newlogsym_{p \in P} \right]</code>
<code>\DeclareMathOperator</code>	$\text{newlogsym}_{p \in P}$	$\text{newlogsym}_{p \in P}$
<code>\DeclareMathOperator*</code>	$\text{newlogsym}_{p \in P}$	$\text{newlogsym}_{p \in P}$

## 7.4 ASCII and Latin 1 quick reference

Table 186 on the following page amalgamates data from various other tables in this document into a convenient reference for L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> typesetting of ASCII characters, i.e., the characters available on a typical<sup>5</sup> computer keyboard. The first two columns list the character’s ASCII code in decimal and hexadecimal. The third column shows what the character looks like. The fourth column lists the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> command to typeset the character as a text character. And the fourth column lists the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> command to typeset the character within a `\texttt{...}` command (or, more generally, when `\ttfamily` is in effect).

The following are some additional notes about the contents of Table 186:

- “” is not available in the OT1 font encoding.
- The characters “<”, “>”, and “|” do work as expected in math mode, although they produce, respectively, “`\textless`”, “`\textgreater`”, and “`\textbar`” in text mode.<sup>6</sup> Hence, `$$<$$`, `$$>$$`, and `$$|$$` serve as a terser alternative to `\textless`, `\textgreater`, and `\textbar`. Note that for typesetting metavariables many people prefer `\texttriangle` and `\texttriangle` to `\textless` and `\textgreater`, i.e., “`\texttriangle{filename}`” instead of “`\textless{filename}>`”.
- The various `\char` commands within `\texttt` are necessary only in the OT1 font encoding. In other encodings (e.g., T1), commands such as `\{`, `\}`, `\_`, and `\textbackslash` all work properly.

<sup>5</sup>typical for the United States, at least

<sup>6</sup>Donald Knuth didn’t think such symbols were important outside of mathematics, so he omitted them from the OT1 font encoding.

TABLE 186: L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> ASCII Table

Dec	Hex	Char	Body text	\texttt	Dec	Hex	Char	Body text	\texttt
33	21	!	!	!	62	3E	>	\textgreater	>
34	22	"	\textquotedbl	"	63	3F	?	?	?
35	23	#	\#	\#	64	40	@	@	@
36	24	\$	\\$	\\$	65	41	A	A	A
37	25	%	\%	\%	66	42	B	B	B
38	26	&	\&	\&	67	43	C	C	C
39	27	'	'	'	:	:	:	:	:
40	28	(	(	(	90	5A	Z	Z	Z
41	29	)	)	)	91	5B	[	[	[
42	2A	*	*	*	92	5C	\	\textbackslash	\char‘\
43	2B	+	+	+	93	5D	]	]	]
44	2C	,	,	,	94	5E	^	\^{}	\^{}
45	2D	-	-	-	95	5F	_	\_	\char‘\_
46	2E	.	.	.	96	60	‘	‘	‘
47	2F	/	/	/	97	61	a	a	a
48	30	0	0	0	98	62	b	b	b
49	31	1	1	1	99	63	c	c	c
50	32	2	2	2	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	122	7A	z	z	z
57	39	9	9	9	123	7B	{	\{	\char‘\{
58	3A	:	:	:	124	7C		\textbar	
59	3B	;	;	;	125	7D	}	\}	\char‘\}
60	3C	<	\textless	<	126	7E	~	\~{}	\~{}
61	3D	=	=	=					

- \textasciicircum can be used instead of \^{}, and \textasciitilde can be used instead of \~{}. For typesetting tildes in URLs and Unix filenames, some people prefer \sim (see Table 40 on page 22), which produces a larger symbol. However, a superior approach for typesetting URLs is to use the url package, which has a number of additional nice features.
- The IBM version of ASCII characters 1 to 31 can be typeset using the ascii package. See Table 132 on page 41.
- To replace ‘ and ’ with the more computer-like (and more visibly distinct) ` and ' within a verbatim environment, use the upquote package. Outside of verbatim, you can use \char18 and \char13 to get the modified quote characters. (The former is actually a grave accent.)

Similar to Table 186, Table 187 on the next page is an amalgamation of data from other tables in this document. While Table 186 shows how to typeset the 7-bit ASCII character set, Table 187 shows the Latin 1 (Western European) character set, also known as ISO-8859-1.

The following are some additional notes about the contents of Table 187:

- A “(tc)” after a symbol name means that the textcomp package must be loaded to access that symbol. A “(T1)” means that the symbol requires the T1 font encoding. The fontenc package can change the font encoding document-wide.
- Many of the \text... accents can also be produced using the accent commands shown in Table 11 on page 11 plus an empty argument. For instance, \={} is essentially the same as \textasciimacron.
- The commands in the “L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub>” columns work both in body text and within a \texttt{...} command (or, more generally, when \ttfamily is in effect).

TABLE 187: L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> Latin 1 Table

Dec	Hex	Char	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X 2 <sub>ε</sub>	Dec	Hex	Char	L <sup>A</sup> T <sub>E</sub> X 2 <sub>ε</sub>
161	A1	¡	!'	209	D1	Ñ	\~{N}
162	A2	¢	\textcent (tc)	210	D2	Ò	\' {O}
163	A3	£	\pounds	211	D3	Ó	\' {O}
164	A4	¤	\textcurrency (tc)	212	D4	Ô	\^ {O}
165	A5	¥	\textyen (tc)	213	D5	Õ	\~ {O}
166	A6	¦	\textbrokenbar (tc)	214	D6	Ö	\" {O}
167	A7	§	\S	215	D7	×	\texttimes (tc)
168	A8	¨	\textasciidieresis (tc)	216	D8	Ø	\O
169	A9	©	\textcopyright	217	D9	Ù	\' {U}
170	AA	ª	\textordfeminine	218	DA	Ú	\' {U}
171	AB	«	\guillemotleft (T1)	219	DB	Û	\^ {U}
172	AC	¬	\textlnot (tc)	220	DC	Ü	\" {U}
174	AE	®	\textregistered	221	DD	Ý	\' {Y}
175	AF	̄	\textasciimacron (tc)	222	DE	Þ	\TH (T1)
176	B0	°	\textdegree (tc)	223	DF	ß	\ss
177	B1	±	\textpm (tc)	224	E0	à	\' {a}
178	B2	²	\texttwosuperior (tc)	225	E1	á	\' {a}
179	B3	³	\textthreesuperior (tc)	226	E2	â	\^ {a}
180	B4	´	\textasciiacute (tc)	227	E3	ã	\~ {a}
181	B5	µ	\textmu (tc)	228	E4	ä	\" {a}
182	B6	¶	\P	229	E5	å	\aa
183	B7	·	\textperiodcentered	230	E6	æ	\ae
184	B8	¸	\c{}	231	E7	ç	\c{c}
185	B9	¹	\textonesuperior (tc)	232	E8	è	\' {e}
186	BA	º	\textordmasculine	233	E9	é	\' {e}
187	BB	»	\guillemotright	234	EA	ê	\^ {e}
188	BC	¼	\textonequarter (tc)	235	EB	ë	\" {e}
189	BD	½	\textonehalf (tc)	236	EC	ì	\' {i}
190	BE	¾	\textthreequarters (tc)	237	ED	í	\' {i}
191	BF	¿	?'	238	EE	î	\^ {i}
192	C0	À	\' {A}	239	EF	ï	\" {i}
193	C1	Á	\' {A}	240	F0	ð	\dh (T1)
194	C2	Â	\^ {A}	241	F1	ñ	\~ {n}
195	C3	Ã	\~ {A}	242	F2	ò	\' {o}
196	C4	Ä	\" {A}	243	F3	ó	\' {o}
197	C5	Å	\AA	244	F4	ô	\^ {o}
198	C6	Æ	\AE	245	F5	õ	\~ {o}
199	C7	Ç	\c{C}	246	F6	ö	\" {o}
200	C8	È	\' {E}	247	F7	÷	\textdiv (tc)
201	C9	É	\' {E}	248	F8	ø	\o
202	CA	Ê	\^ {E}	249	F9	ù	\' {u}
203	CB	Ë	\" {E}	250	FA	ú	\' {u}
204	CC	Ì	\' {I}	251	FB	û	\^ {u}
205	CD	Í	\' {I}	252	FC	ü	\" {u}
206	CE	Î	\^ {I}	253	FD	ý	\' {y}
207	CF	Ï	\" {I}	254	FE	þ	\th (T1)
208	D0	Ð	\DH (T1)	255	FF	ÿ	\" {y}

- Microsoft® Windows® normally uses a superset of Latin 1 called “CP1252” (Code Page 1252). CP1252 adds codes in the range 128–159 (hexadecimal 80–9F), including characters such as dashes, daggers, and quotation marks. If there’s sufficient interest, a future version of the Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List may include a CP1252 table.

While too large to incorporate into this document, a listing of ISO 8879:1986 SGML/XML character entities and their L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X equivalents is available from <http://www.bitjungle.com/~isoent/>. Some of the characters presented there make use of `isoent`, a L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> package (available from the same URL) that fakes some of the missing ISO glyphs using the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X `picture` environment.<sup>7</sup>

## 7.5 About this document

**History** David Carlisle wrote the first version of this document in October, 1994. It originally contained all of the native L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X symbols (Tables 25, 33, 40, 63, 79, 81, 93, 94, 98, 101, 109, and a few tables that have since been reorganized) and was designed to be nearly identical to the tables in Chapter 3 of Leslie Lamport’s book [Lam86]. Even the table captions and the order of the symbols within each table matched! The  $\mathcal{A}\mathcal{M}\mathcal{S}$  symbols (Tables 26, 41, 42, 66, 67, 82, 85, 90, and 110) and an initial Math Alphabets table (Table 118) were added thereafter. Later, Alexander Holt provided the `stmaryrd` tables (Tables 27, 35, 43, 69, 76, and 91).

In January, 2001, Scott Pakin took responsibility for maintaining the symbol list and has since implemented a complete overhaul of the document. The result, now called, “The Comprehensive L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Symbol List”, includes the following new features:

- the addition of a handful of new math alphabets, dozens of new font tables, and thousands of new symbols
- the categorization of the symbol tables into body-text symbols, mathematical symbols, science and technology symbols, dingbats, and other symbols, to provide a more user-friendly document structure
- an index, table of contents, and a frequently-requested symbol list, to help users quickly locate symbols
- symbol tables rewritten to list the symbols in alphabetical order
- appendices to provide additional information relevant to using symbols in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X
- tables showing how to typeset all of the characters in the ASCII and Latin 1 font encodings

Furthermore, the internal structure of the document has been completely altered from David’s original version. Most of the changes are geared towards making the document easier to extend, modify, and reformat.

**Build characteristics** Table 188 on the next page lists some of this document’s build characteristics. Most important is the list of packages that L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X couldn’t find, but that `symbols.tex` otherwise would have been able to take advantage of. Complete, prebuilt versions of this document are available from CTAN (<http://www.ctan.org/> or one of its many mirror sites) in the directory `tex-archive/info/symbols/comprehensive`. Table 189 shows the package date (specified in the `.sty` file with `\ProvidesPackage`) for each package that was used to build this document and that specifies a package date. Packages are not listed in any particular order in either Table 188 or 189.

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<sup>7</sup>`isoent` is not featured in this document, because it is not available from CTAN and because the faked symbols are not “true” characters; they exist in only one size, regardless of the body text’s font size.

TABLE 188: Document Characteristics

Characteristic	Value
Source file:	<code>symbols.tex</code>
Build date:	October 8, 2002
Symbols documented:	2590
Packages included:	textcomp latexsym amssymb stmaryrd euscript wasysym pifont mathcomp marvosym manfnt bbding ifsym tipa wsuipa ulsy ar txfonts mathabx fclfont ascii dingbat skull eurosym esvect yfonts ymath esint accents mathrsfs zapfchan bbold dsfont bbm
Packages omitted:	<i>none</i>

TABLE 189: Package versions used in the preparation of this document

Name	Date
textcomp	2000/08/30
latexsym	1998/08/17
amssymb	1996/11/03
stmaryrd	1994/03/03
euscript	1995/01/06
wasysym	1999/05/13
pifont	2000/01/12
marvosym	2000/05/01
manfnt	1999/07/01
bbding	1999/04/15
ifsym	2000/04/18
tipa	2001/12/31
txfonts	2000/12/15
dingbat	2001/04/27
skull	2002/01/23
eurosymb	1998/08/06
yfonts	1999/05/12
accents	2000/08/06

## References

- [Dow00] Michael Downes. Short math guide for  $\LaTeX$ , July 19, 2000. Version 1.07. Available from <http://www.ams.org/tex/short-math-guide.html>.
- [Knu86] Donald E. Knuth. *The  $\TeX$ book*, volume A of *Computers and Typesetting*. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, USA, 1986.
- [Lam86] Leslie Lamport.  *$\LaTeX$ : A document preparation system*. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA, USA, 1986.
- [ $\LaTeX$ 98]  $\LaTeX$ 3 Project Team. A new math accent.  *$\LaTeX$  News*. Issue 9, June 1998. Available from <http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/macros/latex/doc/ltnews09.pdf> (also included in many  $\TeX$  distributions).
- [ $\LaTeX$ 00]  $\LaTeX$ 3 Project Team.  $\LaTeX$ 2 $\epsilon$  font selection, January 30, 2000. Available from <http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/macros/latex/doc/fntguide.ps> (also included in many  $\TeX$  distributions).

# Index

If you're having trouble locating a symbol, try looking under "T" for "\text...". Many text-mode commands begin with that prefix. Also, accents are shown over/under a black box, e.g., "■" for "\'".

Some symbol entries appear to be listed repeatedly. This happens when multiple packages define identical (or nearly identical) glyphs with the same symbol name.<sup>8</sup>

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* (*) . . . . .	18
\. (■) . . . . .	11
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<sup>8</sup>This occurs frequently with amssymb and mathabx.



<code>\backepsilon</code> ( $\epsilon$ )	22	<code>\bigboxslash</code> ( $\boxslash$ )	20	<code>\BigTriangleUp</code> ( $\bigtriangleup$ )	47
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<code>\bar</code> ( $\bar{\phantom{x}}$ )	33	<code>\bigcap</code> ( $\bigcap$ )	19	<code>\bigvarstar</code> ( $\bigstar$ )	18
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




























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






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

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
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